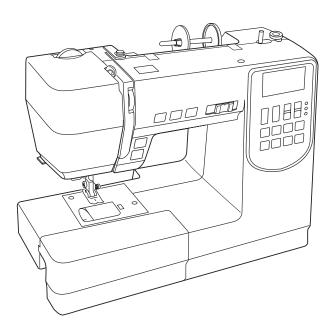
Instruction Book



IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

When using an electrical appliance, basic safety precautions should always be followed, including the following:

This sewing machine is designed and manufactured for household use only.

Read all instructions before using this sewing machine.

DANGER— To reduce the risk of electric shock:

1. An appliance should never be left unattended when plugged in. Always unplug this sewing machine from the electric outlet immediately after using and before cleaning.

WARNING — To reduce the risk of burns, fire, electric shock, or injury to persons:

- 1. Do not allow to be used as a toy. Close attention is necessary when this sewing machine is used by or near children.
- 2. Use this appliance only for its intended use as described in this owner's manual. Use only attachments recommended by the manufacturer as contained in this owner's manual.
- Never operate this sewing machine if it has a damaged cord or plug, if it is not working properly, if it has been dropped or damaged, or dropped into water. Return this sewing machine to the nearest authorized dealer or service center for examination, repair, electrical or mechanical adjustment.
- 4. Never operate the appliance with any air opening blocked. Keep ventilation openings of this sewing machine and foot controller free from accumulation of lint, dust and loose cloth.
- 5. Never drop or insert any object into any opening.
- 6. Do not use outdoors.
- 7. Do not operate where aerosol (spray) products are being used or where oxygen is being administered.
- 8. To disconnect, turn all controls to the off ("O") position, then remove plug from outlet.
- 9. Do not unplug by pulling on cord. To unplug, grasp the plug, not the cord.
- 10. Keep fingers away from all moving parts. Special care is required around the sewing machine needle and/or cutting blade.
- 11. Always use the proper needle plate. The wrong plate can cause the needle to break.
- 12. Do not use bent needles.
- 13. Do not pull or push fabric while stitching. It may deflect the needle causing it to break.
- 14. Switch this sewing machine off ("O") when making any adjustment in the needle area, such as threading the needle, changing the needle, threading the bobbin or changing the presser foot, and the like.
- 15. Always unplug this sewing machine from the electrical outlet when removing covers, lubricating, or when making any other adjustments mentioned in this owner's manual.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

For Europe only:

This appliance can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved. Children shall not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children without supervision.

For outside Europe (except U.S.A and Canada):

This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety. Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.



Please note that on disposal, this product must be safely recycled in accordance with relevant
 National legislation relating to electrical/electronic products. If in doubt please contact your
 retailer for guidance. (European Union only)

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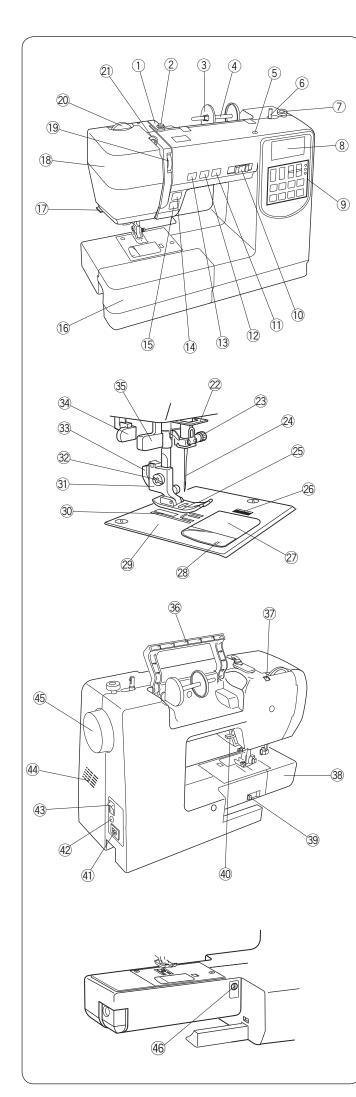
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NAMES OF PARTS Names of Parts

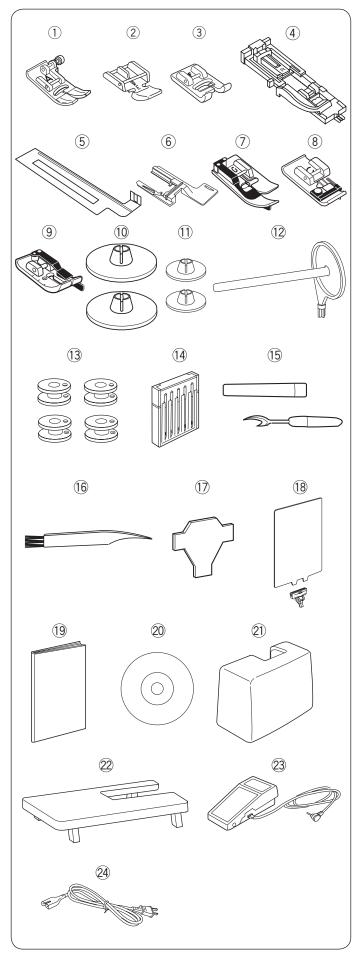
- 1 Upper thread guide
- 2 Bobbin winding tension disk
- ③ Spool holder (large)
- ④ Spool pin
- (5) Hole for extra spool pin
- 6 Bobbin winder spindle
- O Bobbin winder stopper
- 8 LCD display
- 9 Function keys
- 10 Speed control slider
- 1 Automatic thread cutter button
- 12 Needle up/down button
- Auto-lock button
- 14 Reverse button
- 15 Start/stop button
- 16 Extension table (Accessory box)
- 1 Thread cutter
- 18 Face cover
- 19 Thread tension dial
- 20 Presser foot pressure dial
- 2 Thread take-up lever
- 22 Lower thread guide
- 23 Needle clamp screw
- 24 Needle
- 25 Presser foot
- 26 Hook cover release button
- 2 Hook cover plate
- 28 Thread cutter
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- 4) Fower met42 Foot control jack
- 43 Power switch
- 49 Power switch44 Ventilation openings
- 45 Handwheel
- 46 Feed balancing dial

NOTE:

To carry the sewing machine, hold the carrying handle with your hand, and support the sewing machine with the other hand.

NOTE:

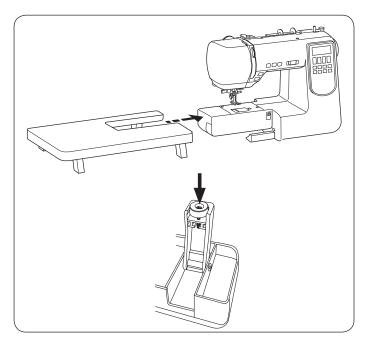
Design and specifications are subject to change without prior notice.

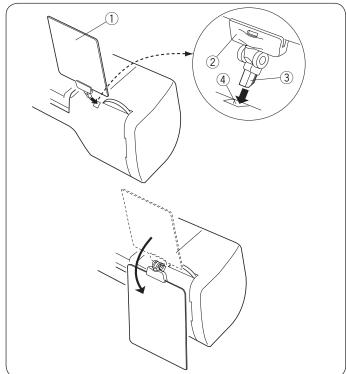


Standard Accessories

- ① Zigzag foot: A (set on the machine)
- 2 Zipper foot: E
- ③ Satin stitch foot: F
- ④ Automatic buttonhole foot: R
- 5 Stabilizer plate
- 6 Stabilizer plate holder
- ⑦ Blind hem foot: G
- (8) Overedge foot: C
- (9) 1/4" seam foot: O
- (1) Spool holder (X 2) (large) (1 set on the machine)
- 1 Spool holder (X 2) (small)
- 12 Extra spool pin
- (3) Bobbins (X 4) (1 set on the machine)
- 14 Assorted needle set
- 15 Seam ripper (Buttonhole opener)
- 16 Lint brush
- 17 Screwdriver
- 18 Stitch chart
- 19 Instruction book
- 20 Instructional DVD
- 21 Hard cover
- 22 Large extension table
- 23 Foot control
- 24 Power cable*

*The power cable included may differ from the illustration.





Large Extension Table Attaching the table

Pull the table away from the machine. Spread the legs of large extension table. Holding the table with both hands and slide it gently to the right.

Adjust the table height

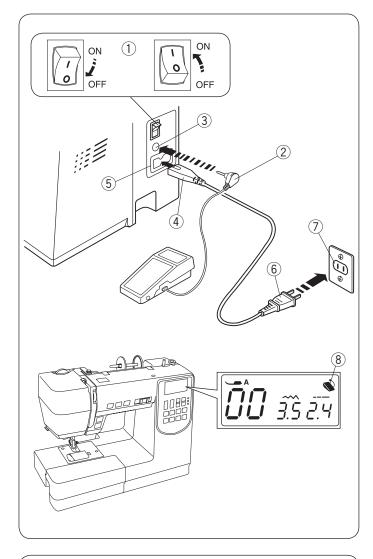
Turn setscrews of the table legs with a screwdriver (optional).

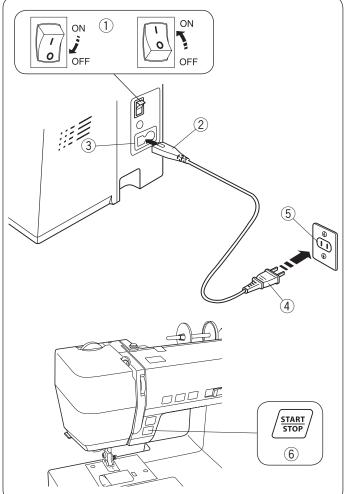
Stitch Chart

Insert the stitch chart (1) into the chart holder (2). Insert the pin (3) into the hole for the stitch chart (4).

- 1 Stitch chart
- 2 Chart holder
- ③ Pin
- 4 Hole for stitch chart

You can flip the chart to the back of the machine when it is not in use.





GETTING READY TO SEW

Connecting the Power Supply

Using the foot control

Turn off the power switch. Insert the pin connector into the jack. Insert the machine plug into the power inlet. Insert the power supply plug into the wall outlet. Turn on the power switch.

- 1 Power switch
- 2 Pin connector
- 3 Jack
- ④ Machine plug
- 5 Power inlet
- 6 Power supply plug
- ⑦ Wall outlet

The foot control sign will be displayed when the foot control is connected to the machine.

8 Foot control sign

While in operation, always keep your eyes on the sewing area and do not touch any moving parts such as the thread take-up lever, handwheel or needle. Always turn off the power switch and unplug from the power supply:

- when leaving the machine unattended.
- when attaching or removing parts.
- when cleaning the machine.
- Do not place anything on the foot control.

Before Using Your Sewing Machine

Before using your sewing machine for the first time, place a scrap of fabric under the presser foot and run the machine without thread for a few minutes. Wipe away any oil which may appear.

Using the start/stop button

Turn off the power switch.

Insert the machine plug into the power inlet. Insert the power supply plug into the wall outlet. Turn on the power switch.

- 1 Power switch
- Machine plug
- ③ Power inlet
- $\overline{4}$ Power supply plug
- 5 Wall outlet
- 6 Start/Stop button

NOTE:

The start/stop button does not work when the foot control is connected.

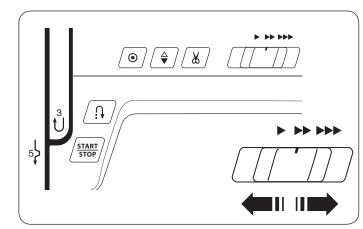
Operating Instructions:

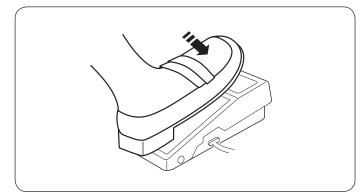
The symbol "O" on the switch indicates the "off" position of the switch.

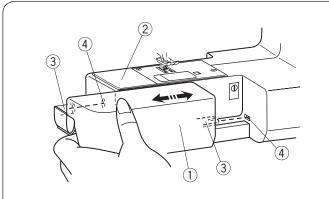
Foot control model 21371 or YC-485EC-1 is used with this sewing machine.

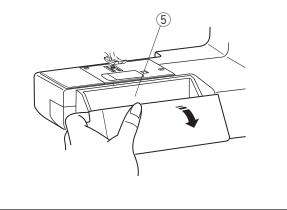
For the U.S.A and Canada only:

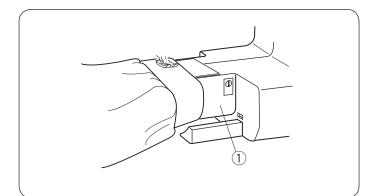
For appliances with a polarized plug (one blade wider than the other): To reduce the risk of electric shock, this plug is intended to fit in a polarized outlet only one way. If it still does not fit, contact a qualified electrician to install the proper outlet. Do not modify the plug in any way.











Controlling Sewing Speed Speed control slider

Sewing speed can be varied by the speed control slider according to your sewing needs.

To increase sewing speed, move the slider to the right. To decrease sewing speed, move the slider to the left.

Foot control

Depress the foot control to start the machine.

The further down you press on the foot control, the faster the machine runs.

The maximum sewing speed can be varied by the speed control slider.

NOTE:

The machine will not run and the presser foot mark will blink if you start the machine with the presser foot in the up position. Lower the presser foot and press the foot control.

Extension Table

The extension table provides an extended sewing area and can be easily removed for free-arm sewing.

Detaching the table

Pull the table away from the machine, as illustrated.

(1) Extension table

Attaching the table

Slide the extension table along the free-arm and insert the guides into the holes until the table snaps into the machine.

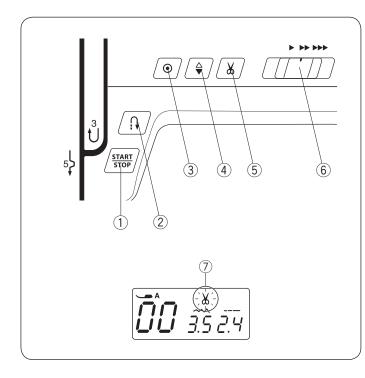
- (2) Free-arm
- ③ Guide
- (4) Hole

Accessory storage

Accessories are stored inside the extension table. Pull the lid toward you to open the accessory storage (5). **(5)** Accessory storage

Free-arm Sewing

Free-arm is useful for sewing tubular garments and for darning knee or elbow areas. 1) Free-arm



Machine Operating Buttons

① Start/Stop button

Press this button to start or stop the machine.

The machine starts running slowly for the first few stitches, and it then runs at the speed set by the speed control slider.

The machine runs slowly as long as this button is being pressed.

NOTE:

- The start/stop button cannot be used when the foot control is connected to the machine.
- The machine will not run and the presser foot mark will blink if you start the machine with the presser foot in the up position. Lower the presser foot and press the start/stop button.

2 Reverse button

• When stitch pattern $00 \downarrow$, $03 \downarrow$, $07 \S$, $08 \S$, $09 \S$ or $95 \downarrow$, in mode 1 is selected;

The machine will sew in reverse as long as the reverse button is pressed. Release the button to sew forward. When the machine is stopped and foot control is disconnected, the machine will sew in reverse slowly as long as the reverse button is pressed. Release the button to stop the machine.

When any other stitches are selected;

If you press the reverse button when sewing any other patterns, the machine will immediately sew locking stitches and automatically stop.

NOTE:

There will be particular functions of the reverse button when pattern $01_{c_p}^{\prime}$, $02_{c_p}^{\prime}$, 32 for 33 for mode 1 is selected. Refer to page 25, 39 and 40 for instructions.

3 Auto-lock button

• When stitch pattern $00 \downarrow$, $03 \downarrow$, $07 \stackrel{>}{\geq}$, $08 \stackrel{>}{\leq}$, $09 \stackrel{>}{\leq}$ or $95 \stackrel{+}{\Leftrightarrow}$ in mode 1 is selected;

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Press}}$ the auto-lock button to sew a locking stitch immediately. The machine will automatically stop.

• When any other stitches are selected; Press the auto-lock button to sew a locking stitch at the end of current pattern. The machine will automatically stop.

(4) Needle up/down button

Press the needle up/down button to bring the needle up or down.

5 Thread cutter button

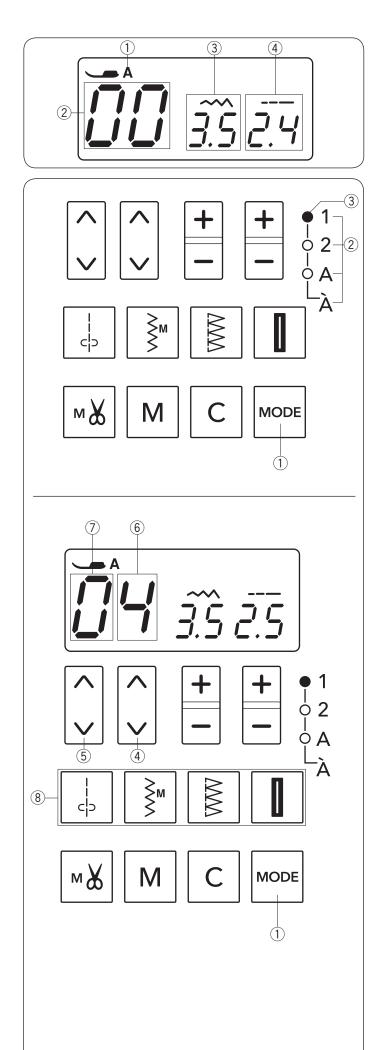
Press the thread cutter button to trim the threads after sewing.

The thread cutter mark will blink $\ensuremath{\overline{\mathcal{D}}}$ while the machine cuts the threads.

To trim the threads automatically after sewing, refer to page 56.

6 Speed control slider

Maximum sewing speed can be adjusted with the speed control slider. Refer to page 7.



LCD Display

The LCD display shows following information when the machine is turned on.

- ① Identification letter of the recommended foot
- ② Stitch pattern number
- ③ Stitch width
- ④ Stitch length

Function Keys

Mode selection

When the power switch is turned on, the pattern selection mode 1 (mode 1) is set automatically.

Each time you press the mode key (1), the green light (3) will shift and the mode (2) will change from 1 to A. Stitch numbers and their images on the each mode are shown on the stitch chart.

- 1 Mode key
- 2 Mode
- 3 Green light

NOTE:

The 3 green lights will be lit at the same time when the mode Á is selected.

Selecting the Stitch Patterns

To select the desired stitch pattern, press the mode key (1) to select the desired mode, then press the arrow keys (4) and (5) until the pattern number of the desired stitch is indicated.

To change the first digit 6 of the stitch pattern number, press the arrow keys 4 under the first digit of the pattern number.

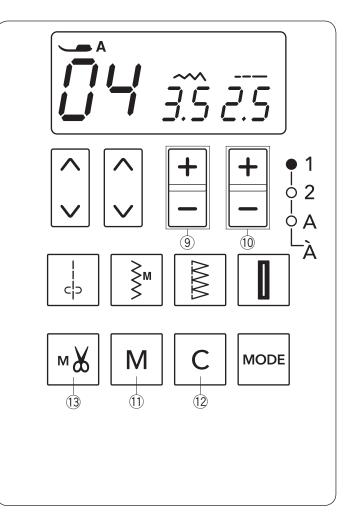
To change the second digit 0 of the stitch pattern number, press the arrow keys 5 under the second digit of the pattern number.

- ④ Arrow keys (first digit)
- $\underbrace{\texttt{5}}$ Arrow keys (second digit)
- 6 First digit
- ⑦ Second digit

Direct pattern selection

You can select stitch patterns 00, 07, 10 and 20 in mode 1 directly by pressing the corresponding direct pattern selection key (a).

The stitch image of stitch pattern are indicated on each key.



Stitch width adjusting key

Press "+" or "-" (9) to change the stitch width or needle drop position, depending on the selected stitch pattern. Refer to pages 24, 27 and 33.

Stitch length adjusting key

Press "+" or "-" 10 to change the stitch length of the selected pattern. You can also adjust the buttonhole density, the evenness of darning, and the size of eyelet with this key. Refer to pages 24, 27 and 33.

Memory key

Press the memory key 1 to memorize the selected pattern for the pattern combination. Refer to page 54.

Clear key

• In mode 1, 2 A and Á:

Press the clear key (2) to cancel the input and select the stitch pattern 00 of the selected mode.

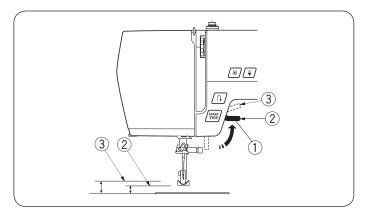
In pattern combination:

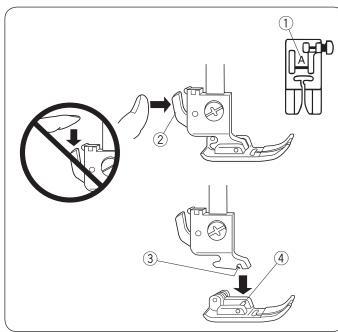
Press the clear key 12 to clear the memorized stitch pattern.

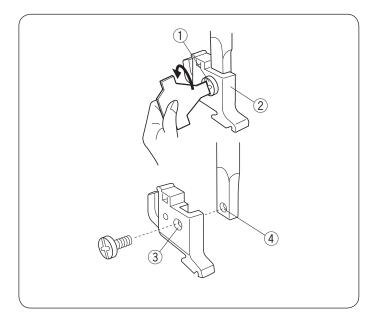
Press and hold the clear key 12 until the buzzer beeps to clear all memorized stitch patterns. Refer to page 56.

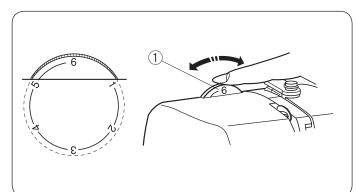
Thread cut memory key

To cut the threads automatically after locking stitches, press the thread cutter memory key 13 (Refer to page 56).









Presser Foot Lifter

The presser foot lifter raises and lowers the presser foot. You can raise the foot about 1/4'' (0.7 cm) higher than the normal up position for easy removal of the presser foot, or to help you place thick material under the foot.

- ① Presser foot lifter
- 2 Normal up position
- ③ Highest position

Changing the Presser Foot

Turn OFF the power switch before changing the foot. Always use the proper foot for the selected pattern. The wrong foot can cause the needle to break. Each foot is marked with an identification letter.

Removing the presser foot

Raise the needle to its highest position by turning the handwheel counterclockwise. Raise the presser foot, and press the lever on the back of the foot holder.

2 Lever

Attaching the presser foot

Place the selected presser foot so that the pin on the foot lies just under the groove in the foot holder.

Lower the presser bar to lock the foot into the place.

- ③ Groove
- ④ Pin

Removing and Attaching the Foot Holder

Turn OFF the power switch before detaching or attaching foot holder.

Removing the foot holder

Remove the setscrew by turning it counterclockwise with a screwdriver.

Attaching the foot holder

Align the hole in the foot holder with the threaded hole in the presser bar.

Fit the setscrew into the hole.

Tighten the setscrew by turning it clockwise with the screwdriver.

- 1 Setscrew
- 2 Foot holder
- ③ Hole
- ④ Threaded hole

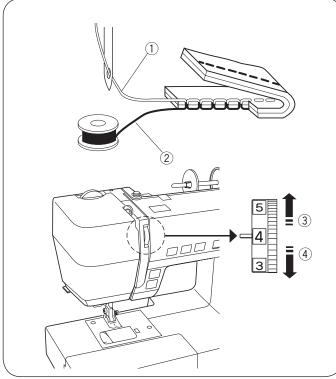
Presser Foot Pressure Dial

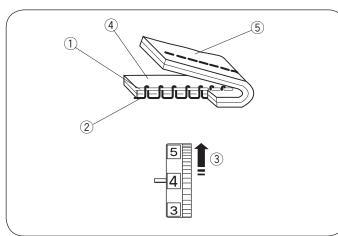
Foot pressure can be adjusted by turning the presser foot pressure dial.

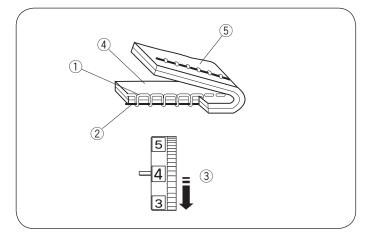
Set the pressure between "3" and "6" for ordinary fabrics. Set the pressure between "1" and "3" for fine fabrics and applique sewing.

Set the pressure between "5" and "6" for heavyweight fabrics.

1 Presser foot pressure dial







Adjusting the Needle Thread Tension Straight stitch balanced tension

The ideal straight stitch has threads locked between two layers of fabric, as illustrated (magnified to show detail). If you look at the top and bottom of the seam, notice that the stitches are evenly balanced.

- ① Needle thread (top thread)
- (2) Bobbin thread (bottom thread)
- ③ To loosen
- ④ To tighten

When adjusting the needle thread tension, the higher the number, the tighter the top thread tension. Results depend on:

- stiffness and thickness of the fabric

- number of fabric layers

- type of stitch

Tension is too tight

The bobbin thread shows through on the right side of the fabric, and the stitch feels bumpy. Turn the dial to a lower number to loosen the needle thread tension.

- 1 Needle thread (top thread)
- 2 Bobbin thread (bottom thread)
- 3 To loosen tension
- ④ Right side (top side) of fabric
- (5) Wrong side (bottom side) of fabric

Tension is too loose

The needle thread shows through on the wrong side of the fabric, and the stitch feels bumpy. Turn the dial to a higher number to tighten the needle thread tension.

- 1 Needle thread (top thread)
- 2 Bobbin thread (bottom thread)
- 3 To tighten tension
- ④ Right side (top side) of fabric
- 5 Wrong side (bottom side) of fabric

Zigzag stitch

For an ideal zigzag stitch, the bobbin thread does not show on the right side (top side) of the fabric, and the needle thread shows slightly on the wrong side (bottom side) of the fabric.

See the illustrations for the correct appearance. To match this appearance, adjust the needle tension as necessary.

Balanced tension

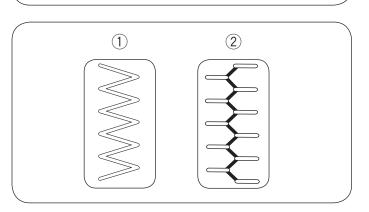
Minimize the amount of needle thread visible on the wrong side (bottom side) of the fabric without causing excessive puckering, or causing the bobbin thread to show on the right side (top side) of the fabric. Results vary with fabric, thread and sewing conditions.

- (1) Right side (top side) of fabric
- Pright side (top side) of fabric
 Wrong side (bottom side) of fabric

Tension is too tight

The corner of each zigzag pulls together on the right side of the fabric

- ① Right side (top side) of fabric
- 2 Wrong side (bottom side) of fabric



(1)

(1)

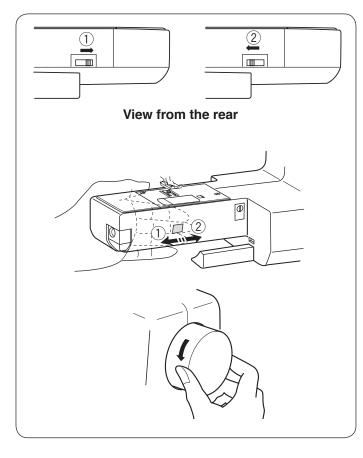
(2)

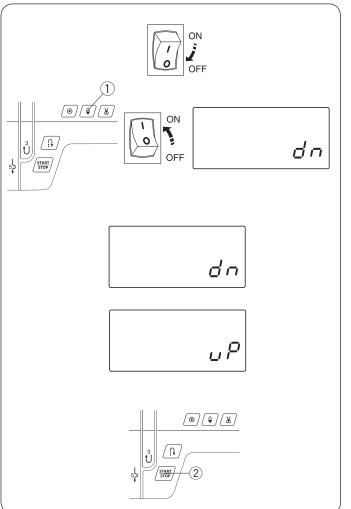
(2)

Tension is too loose

The corner of each zigzag point pulls together on the wrong side of the fabric.

- ① Right side (top side) of fabric
- ② Wrong side (bottom side) of fabric





Dropping or Raising the Feed Dog

The drop feed lever is located underneath the free arm bed on the back of the machine.

To drop the feed dog, push the lever in the direction of the arrow (1).

To raise the feed dog, push the lever in the direction of the arrow 2, as illustrated, and turn the handwheel toward you.

The feed dog must be up for normal sewing.

NOTE:

Set the stitch length value at the minimum when lowering the feed dog.

Needle Stop Position Setting

You can set the needle stop position to up or down when the machine stops.

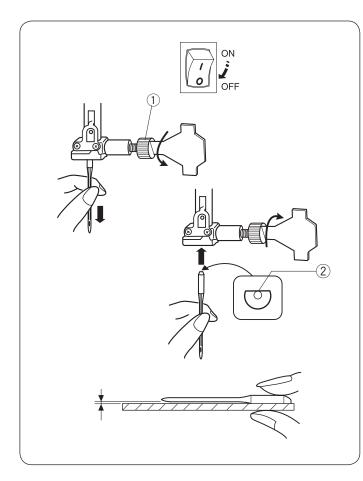
To enter the needle stop position setting mode, turn the power off.

Press and hold the needle up/down button (1), and turn the power switch on. Hold then needle up/down button until the needle stop position setting screen appears as shown.

The default setting is down and "dn" sign appears on the screen.

Press the needle up/down button 1. The "uP" sign appears and the needle stop position is set to up.

Press the START/STOP button 2 to apply the setting.



Fabric		Thread	Needle	
Fine	Lawn Georgette Tricot Organza Crepe	Silk #80-100 Cotton #80-100 Synthetic #80-100	#9/65-11/75 Blue tip needle	
Medium	Sheeting Jersey Broadcloth Fleece	Silk #50 Cotton #50-80 Synthetic #50-80	#11/75-14/90	
Heavy weight	Denim Tweed Coating Quilting	Silk #30-50 Cotton #40-50 Synthetic #40-50	#14/90-16/100	

NOTE:

1 x blue tip needles (#11/75), 2 x #11/75 needles and 2 x #14/90 needles are included in the needle case (Part No. 540401026).

Changing the Needle

Turn OFF the power switch before changing the needle.

Raise the needle to its highest position by turning the handwheel counterclockwise, and lower the presser foot.

A loose needle or a loose screw may cause machine malfunction or needle to break.

Loosen the needle clamp screw by turning it counterclockwise. Remove the needle from the needle clamp.

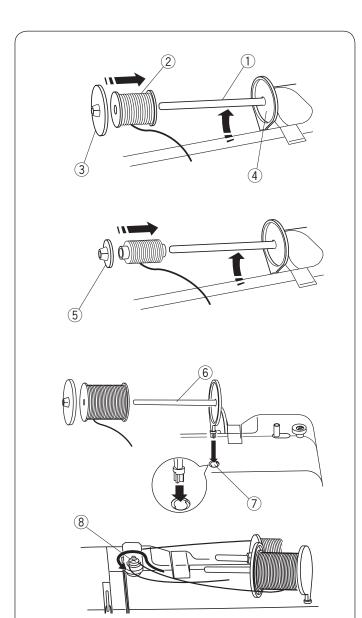
Insert a new needle into the needle clamp with the flat side to the rear. When inserting the needle into the needle clamp, push it up as far as it will go. Tighten the needle clamp screw firmly by turning it clockwise.

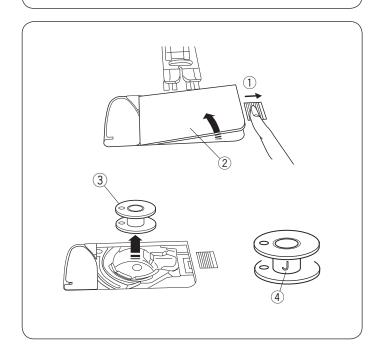
- 1 Needle clamp screw
- 2 Flat side

To see if the needle is in good condition, place the flat side of the needle onto something flat (needle plate, glass etc.). The gap between the needle and the flat surface should be consistent. Never use a bent or blunt needle. A damaged needle can cause permanent snags or runs in knits, fine silks and silk-like fabrics.

Fabric and Needle Chart

- For general sewing, use needle size 11/75 or 14/90.
- A fine thread and needle should be used for sewing lightweight fabrics, so the fabric will not be marred.
- Heavy fabrics require a needle large enough to pierce the fabric without fraying the needle thread.
- Always test the needle size on a small scrap of the fabric that will be used for actual sewing.
- In general, use the same thread for the needle and bobbin.
- When sewing stretch fabrics, very fine fabrics and synthetics, use a blue tip needle. The blue tip needle effectively prevents skipped stitches.





Setting the Spool of Thread

Horizontal spool pin

Lift up the spool pin. Place a spool of thread on the spool pin.

Attach the large spool holder, and press it firmly against the spool of thread so that the spool rests on the supporter.

- (1) Spool pin
- 2 Spool of thread
- ③ Large spool holder
- ④ Supporter

The small spool holder is used with narrow or small spools of thread.

5 Small spool holder

Extra spool pin

The extra spool pin is for winding bobbins without unthreading the machine.

Insert the extra spool pin into the hole.

The extra spool pin should point to the bobbin winder tension disk.

Draw the thread from the spool and pass the thread around the bobbin winding tension disk as shown.

- 6 Extra spool pin
- \bigcirc Hole for extra spool pin
- (8) Bobbin winder tension disk

Bobbin Winding

Removing the bobbin

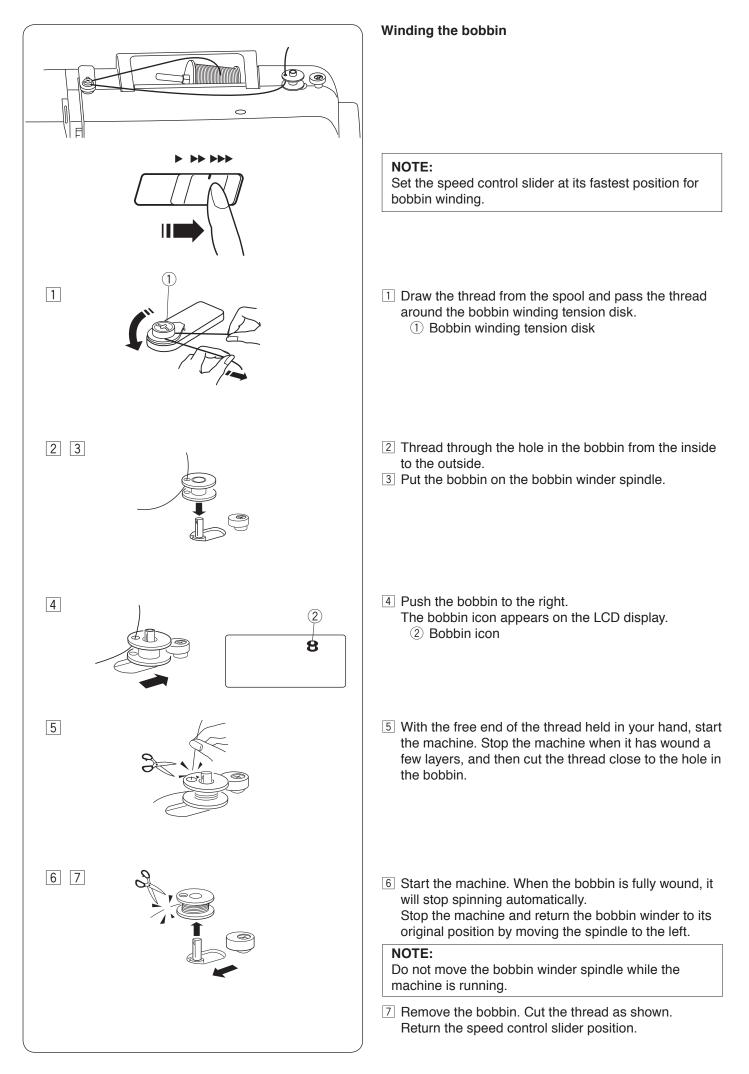
Gently slide the hook cover release button to the right and remove the hook cover plate.

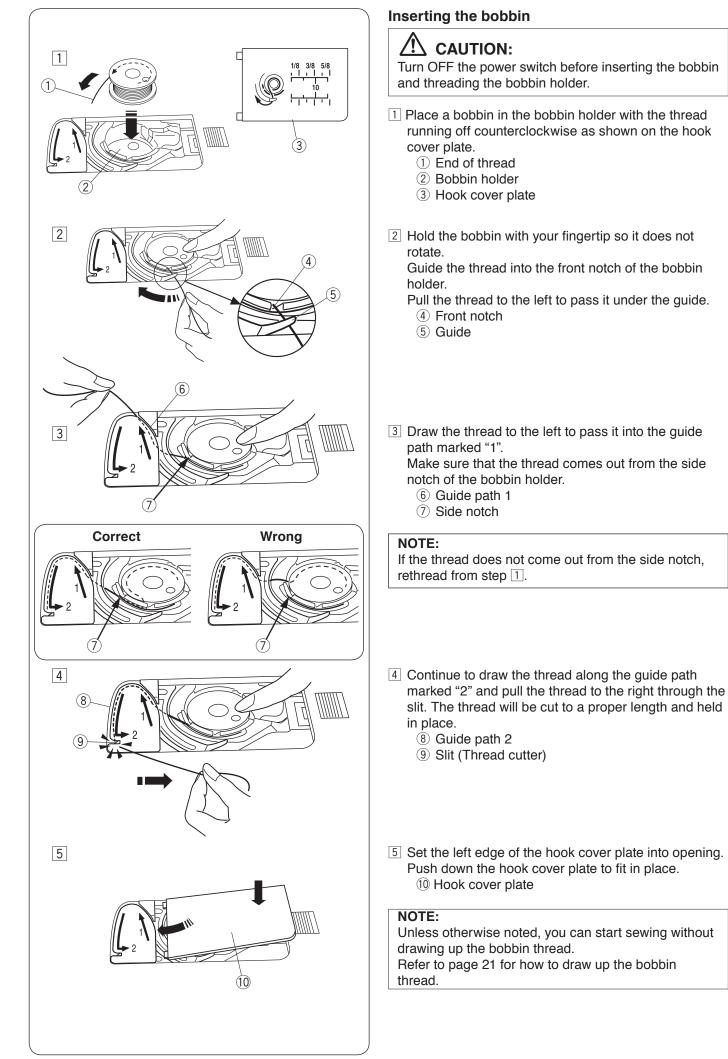
Lift out the bobbin.

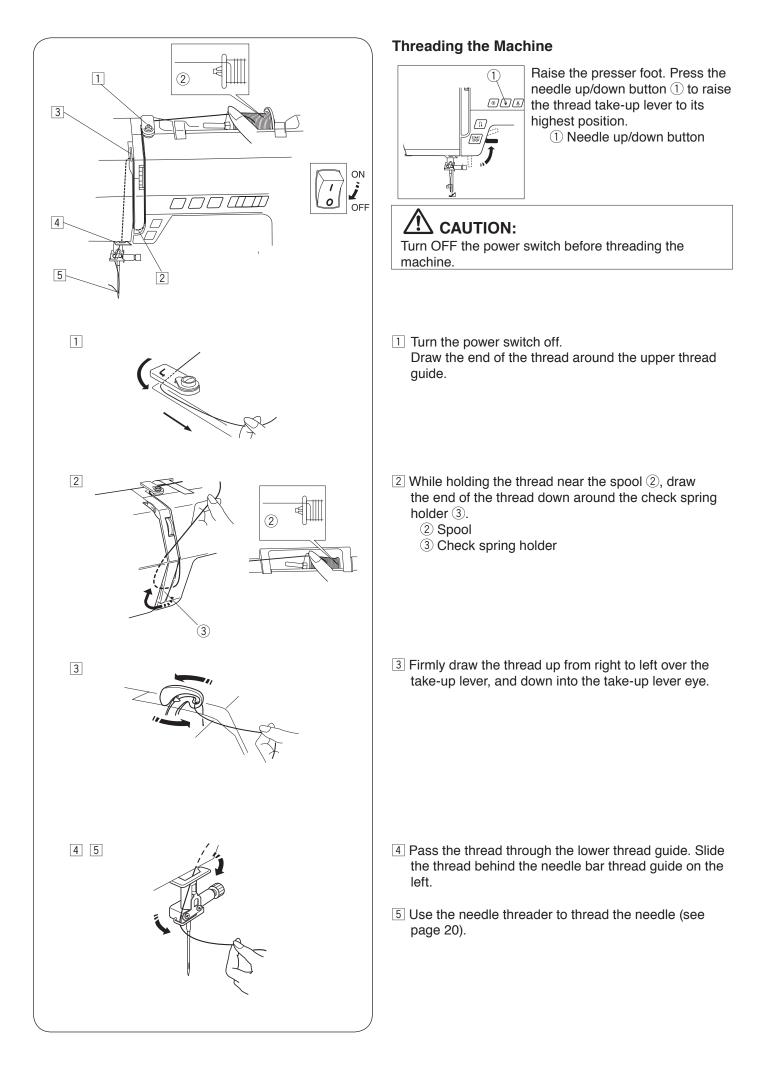
- ① Hook cover release button
- 2 Hook cover plate
- ③ Bobbin

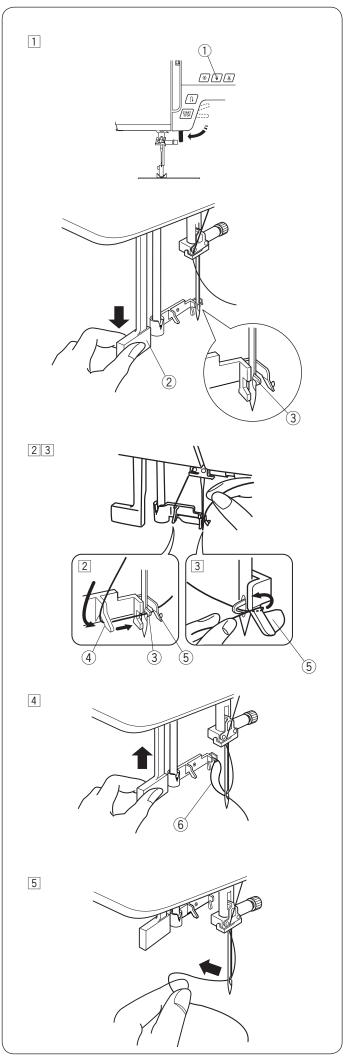
NOTE:

Use the "J" plastic bobbins for horizontal hook (marked with "J" ④). Using other bobbins, such as pre-wound paper bobbins, may cause stitching problems and/ or damage to the bobbin holder.









Needle Threader

Turn off the power switch when using the needle threader.

 Lower the presser foot. Press the needle up/down button ① to raise the needle to its highest position. Turn the power switch off.

Pull down the needle threader knob as far as it will go. The hook comes out through the needle eye from behind.

- ① Needle up/down button
- 2 Knob
- 3 Hook

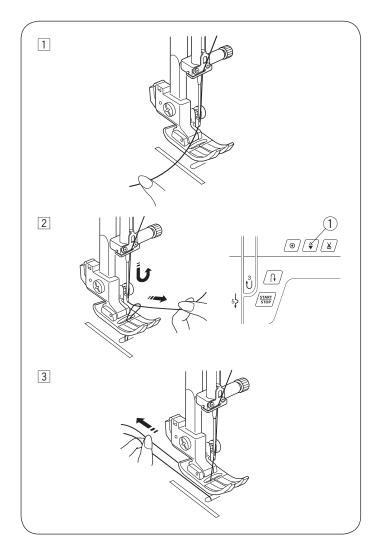
- 2 Draw the thread from the left guide to the right guide and under the hook.
 - (4) Left guide
 - 5 Right guide
- 3 Draw the thread to the front along the right side of the right guide.

A Raise the knob in the direction of the arrow, drawing the thread loop through the needle.
 6 Thread loop

5 Pull the thread through the needle eye.

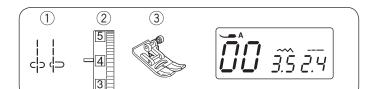
NOTE:

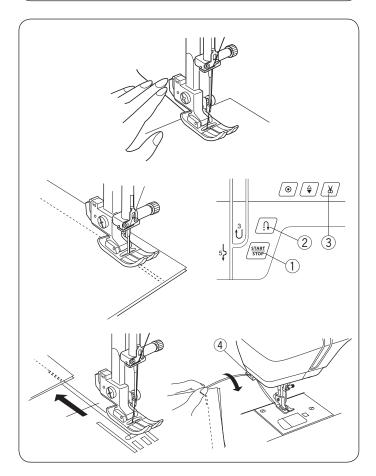
The needle threader can be used with a #11 to #16 needle or a blue tip needle. Thread sizes 50 to 90 are recommended.

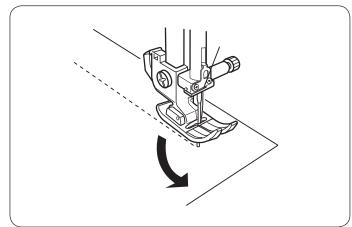


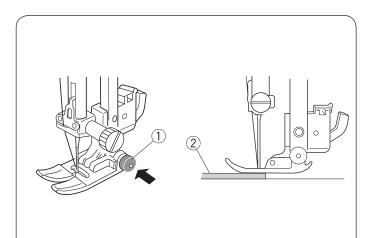
Drawing up the Bobbin Thread 1 Raise the presser foot. Hold the needle thread lightly with your left hand.

- 2 Turn the power switch on. Press the needle up/down button twice to lower and raise the needle to pick up the bobbin thread. 1 Needle up/down button
- 3 Pull both threads 4" to 6" (10 to 15 cm) under and behind the presser foot.









BASIC SEWING

Straight Stitch Sewing

- 1 Stitch pattern:
- 2 Needle thread tension:

③ Presser foot:

MODE 1: 00 or 03 2 to 6 Zigzag foot A

NOTE:

When sewing with the satin stitch foot F or buttonhole foot R, pull the thread to the left to hold the thread.

Starting to sew

Raise presser foot and position the fabric next to a seam guide line on the needle plate. Lower the needle to the point where you want to start.

Pull the thread toward the rear and lower the presser foot.

Press the start/stop button or depress the foot control to start sewing.

Gently guide the fabric along a seam guide line letting the fabric feed naturally.

① Start/stop button

Securing seam

To secure the end of seam, press the reverse button and sew several reverse stitches.

Press the thread cutter button to cut the threads.

- ② Reverse button
- 3 Thread cutter button

Use the thread cutter on the face cover to cut thicker threads.

(4) Thread cutter

Changing Sewing Direction

Stop the machine. Raise the presser foot.

Pivot the fabric around the needle to change the sewing direction as desired.

Lower the foot and start sewing in a new direction.

NOTE:

Lower the needle by pressing needle up/down button if the needle stop position is set at up position.

Sewing from the Edge of Thick Fabric

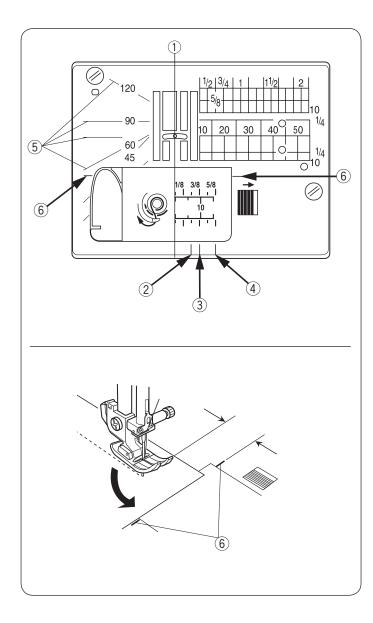
The black button on the zigzag foot locks the foot in the horizontal position.

This is helpful when starting sewing from the far edge of thick fabrics or sewing across a hem.

Lower the needle into the fabric at the point where you wish to start sewing.

Lower the foot while pushing the black button in. The foot is locked in the horizontal position to avoid slipping. The button is released automatically after sewing a few stitches.

- 1 Black button
- 2 Thick fabrics



Using Seam Guides

The seam guides on the needle plate and the hook cover plate help you to measure seam allowance.

The numbers on the needle plate indicate the distance from the center needle position in inches and millimeters. ① Center needle position

The front seam guides are marked at 1/4", 3/8" and

- 5/8'' from the center needle position.
 - 2 Front seam guide at 1/4"
 - ③ Front seam guide at 3/8"
 ④ Front seam guide at 5/8"

The angle scales are marked at 45, 60, 90 and 120 degrees.

Use the angle scales when seaming patchwork pieces (refer to page 47).

- (5) Angle scales
- 6 Cornering guide

Turning Square Corners

When sewing with fabric edge at 5/8" seam guide, to turn a square corner so that sewing continues at same distance from edge.

Stop the machine when front edge of fabric reaches the cornering guide lines (6).

Raise the presser foot and turn the fabric

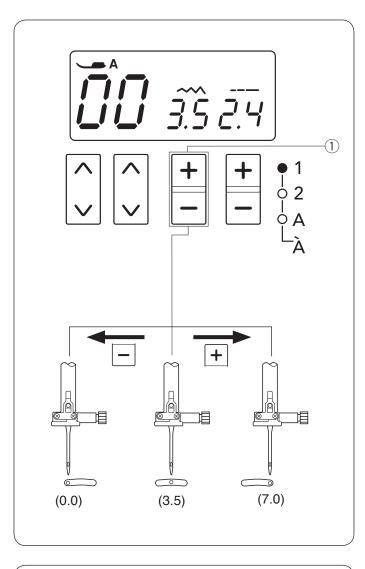
counterclockwise 90°.

Lower the presser foot, and begin stitching in the new direction.

6 Cornering guide

NOTE:

Lower the needle by pressing needle up/down button if the needle stop position is set at up position.



Altering the Needle Drop Position

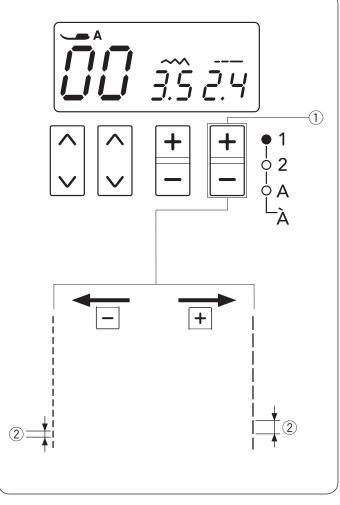
The needle drop position can be altered for straight stitch patterns 00 to 04, 95, 96 and 97.

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Press the "--" sign on the stitch width adjusting key to move the needle to the left.

Press the "+" sign on the stitch width adjusting key to move the needle to the right.

1 Stitch width adjusting key



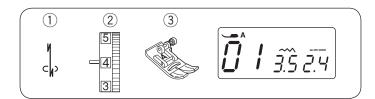
Altering the Stitch Length

The stitch length can be altered.

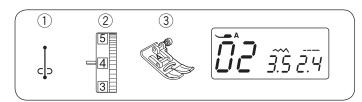
Press the "+" sign on the stitch length adjusting key to increase the stitch length.

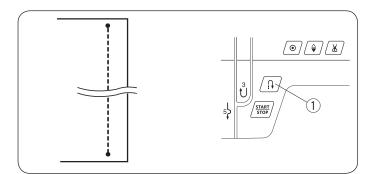
Press the "-" sign on the stitch length adjusting key to decrease the stitch length.

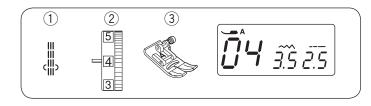
- 1) Stitch length adjusting key
- 2 Stitch length

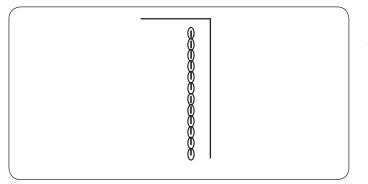


2 (●) (♣) (₭) / AY Ů (1) START STOP X









Lock-a-matic Stitch

MODE 1:01 1 Stitch pattern:

2 Thread tension dial: 2 to 6

(3) Presser foot: Zigzag foot A

Use this stitch to secure the beginning and the end of a seam with backstitching.

When you reach the end of the seam, press the reverse button once. The machine will sew four reverse stitches, four forward stitches, and then stop sewing automatically. (1) Reverse button

Locking Stitch

1) Stitch pattern:

- 2 Thread tension dial: 2 to 6
- ③ Presser foot:

MODE 1: 02 Zigzag foot A

This unique stitch is used where an invisible locking stitch is needed.

Lower the needle close to the front edge of the fabric. The machine will sew several locking stitches in place and continue sewing forward.

When you press the reverse button at the end of the seam, the machine will sew several locking stitches in place, then stop sewing automatically.

1) Reverse button

Triple Stretch Stitch

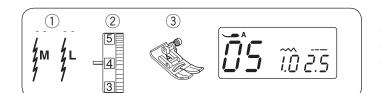
1) Stitch pattern:

2 Thread tension dial: 2 to 6 ③ Presser foot:

Zigzag foot A

MODE 1:04

This strong, durable stitch is recommended when both elasticity and strength are necessary in order to insure comfort and durability. Use it to reinforce areas such as crotch and armhole seams. Also use for extra reinforcement when constructing items such as backpacks.

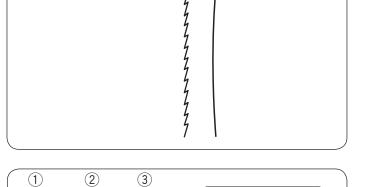


Stretch Stitch

1) Stitch pattern: 2 Thread tension dial: 3 to 6 ③ Presser foot:

MODE 1: 05 or 06 Zigzag foot A

This stitch is a narrow stretch stitch designed to eliminate puckering on knit fabrics and bias seams, while permitting the seam to be pressed completely open flat. Use this stitch for seaming fine fabrics.



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Sculpture Stitches

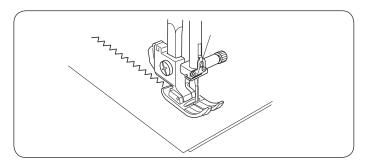
1) Stitch pattern: 2 Thread tension dial: 3 to 6 ③ Presser foot:

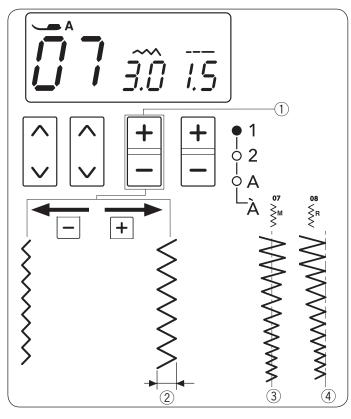
Satin stitch foot F

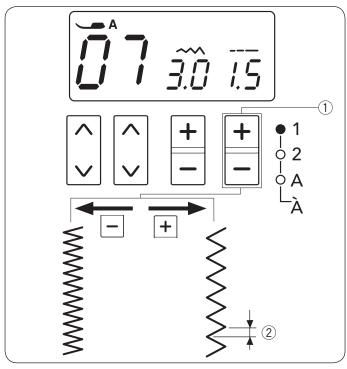
MODE 1: 96 or 97

You can achieve a lovely hand-worked look when topstitching suits, blazers, jumpers, and denim outfits with these stitches.









Zigzag Stitch

③ Presser foot:

Stitch pattern: MODE
 Thread tension dial: 3 to 7

Zigzag foot A

MODE 1: 07 or 08

The zigzag stitch is one of the most useful and versatile stitches.

It is used for overcasting, mending, appliqué, and also used as a decorative stitch.

NOTE:

Use interfacing when sewing on stretch fabrics such as knit, jersey or tricot.

Altering the stitch width

Press the "+" sign on the stitch width adjusting key to increase the stitch width.

Press the "--" sign on the stitch width adjusting key to decrease the stitch width.

① Stitch width adjusting key

2 Stitch width

The stitch width of pattern 07 can be changed without changing its center needle position (M) (3).

③ Center needle position

The stitch width of pattern 08 can be changed without changing its right needle position (R) 4.

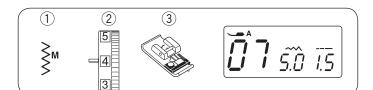
④ Right needle position

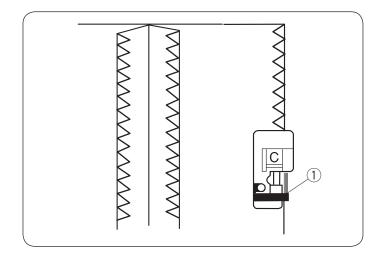
Altering the stitch length

Press the "+" sign on the stitch length adjusting key to increase the stitch length.

Press the "-" sign on the stitch length adjusting key to decrease the stitch length.

- 1) Stitch length adjusting key
- 2 Stitch length







Overcasting with Zigzag Stitch

1) Stitch pattern: MODE 1:07

- 2 Thread tension dial: 3 to 7
- ③ Presser foot: Overedge foot C

Place the fabric edge next to the guide on the foot and sew while guiding the fabric along the guide. (1) Guide

When using an overedge foot, make sure to set the stitch width at 4.5 or wider, otherwise the needle may hit the wires on the foot.

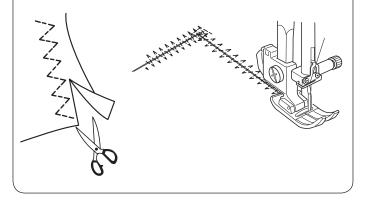
Multiple Zigzag Stitch

- 1) Stitch pattern: MODE 1:09
- (2) Thread tension dial: 3 to 7
- ③ Presser foot: Zigzag foot A

This stitch is used to finish a raw edge of synthetics and other stretch fabrics that tend to pucker. Sew along the fabric edge leaving an adequate seam

allowance. After sewing, trim off the seam allowance closer to the stitches.

This stitch is also excellent for darning and mending tears.



(3)

(1)

MM

(2)

5

4

Overedge Stitch

- 1) Stitch pattern:
- (2) Thread tension dial: 3 to 7
- ③ Presser foot:

Overedge foot C

MODE 1: 10

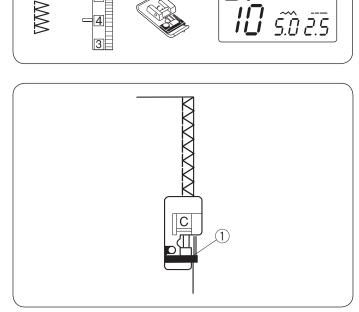
This stitch is used to seam and overcast fabric edges at one time.

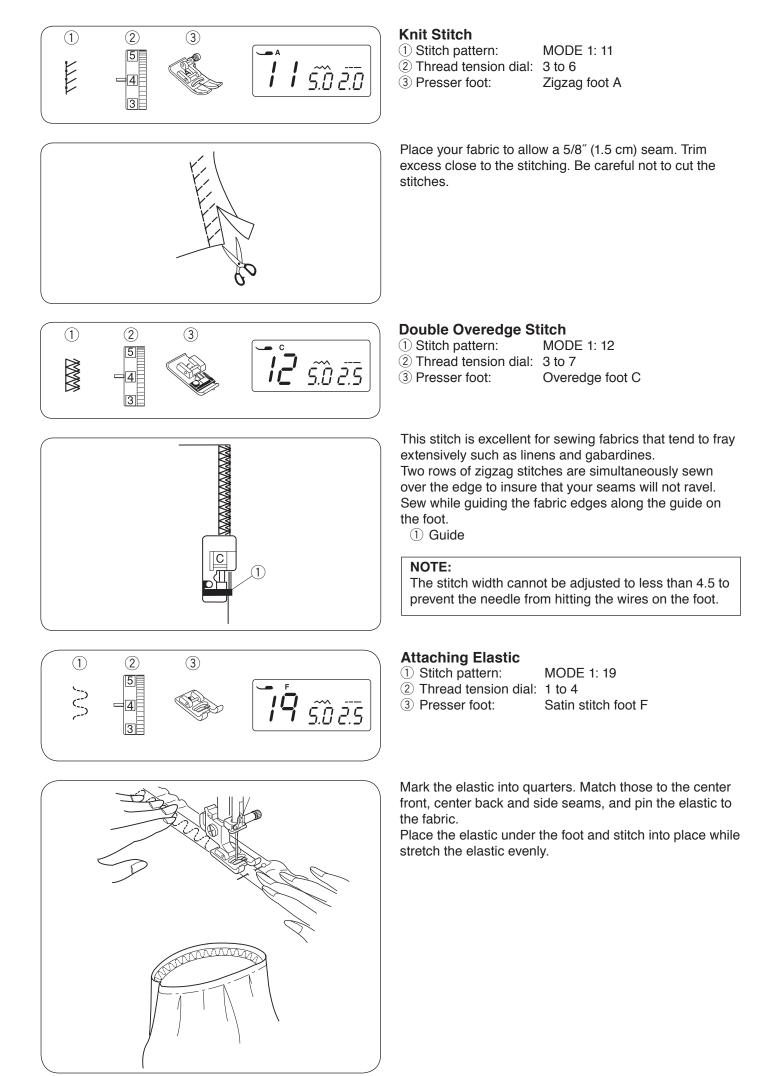
Use this stitch when you do not need to open seams flat. Sew while guiding the fabric edges along the guide on the foot.

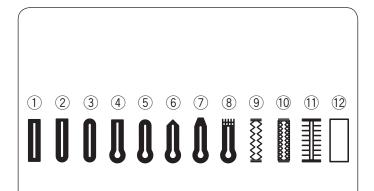
1) Guide

NOTE:

The stitch width cannot be adjusted to less than 4.5 to prevent the needle from hitting the wires on the foot.







Buttonholes

The following 12 types of buttonholes are available.

1 Square buttonhole

This buttonhole is widely used on medium to heavy fabrics.

2 Round-end buttonhole

This buttonhole is used on fine to medium weight fabrics, especially for blouses and children's clothes.

③ Fine fabric buttonhole

This buttonhole is rounded at both ends and is used on fine, delicate fabrics such as fine silk.

④ Keyhole buttonhole

The keyhole buttonhole is widely used on medium to heavy fabrics. It is also suitable for larger and thicker buttons.

(5) Rounded keyhole buttonhole

This buttonhole is used for thicker buttons on medium weight fabrics.

6 Tailored buttonhole

This durable buttonhole is used with thick buttons and heavy fabrics.

7 Keyhole buttonhole (tapered reinforced end)

This buttonhole is used for tailored clothing, woven cloth etc.

8 Keyhole buttonhole (heavy reinforced end)

This buttonhole is used for tailored clothing, jackets, particularly men's wear, woven cloth etc.

9 Stretch buttonhole

This buttonhole is suitable for stretch fabrics. It can also be used as a decorative buttonhole.

10 Knit buttonhole

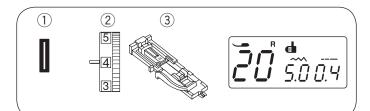
This buttonhole is suitable for knit fabrics. It can also be used as a decorative buttonhole.

1 Antique buttonhole

Resembles a "Hand Worked" buttonhole ideal on fine fabrics featured in Heirloom sewing or for couture fashions.

12 Welted buttonhole (Bound buttonhole)

This is a template pattern for the hand-sewn welted buttonhole.



Square Buttonhole

Stitch pattern: MODE 1: 20
 Thread tension dial: 1 to 4

③ Presser foot:

Automatic buttonhole foot R

The size of a buttonhole is automatically set by placing a button in the rear of automatic buttonhole foot R.

The button holder of the foot takes a button size of 1 cm (3/8'') to 2.5 cm (1'') in diameter.

When selecting the buttonholes, the LCD display advise you to lower the buttonhole lever.

NOTE:

It is sometimes necessary to change buttonhole size to match certain heavy or specific fabrics and threads. Make a test buttonhole on an extra piece of the fabric to check your settings.

The preset width of the buttonhole is suited for ordinary buttons.

Apply an interfacing to stretch or fine fabrics.

Sewing

 Pull the button holder to the back, and place the button in it. Push it together tightly on the button.
 Button holder

NOTE:

If the button is extremely thick, make a test buttonhole on an extra piece of the fabric.

If it is difficult to fit the button through the test buttonhole, you can lengthen the buttonhole by pulling the button holder back a little. The length of the buttonhole will be increased.

Extra gap

 Press the needle up/down button to raise the needle. Attach the automatic buttonhole foot R snapping the pin into the groove of the foot holder. You may lift the presser foot lifter to the extra lifted

position when placing the automatic buttonhole foot under the foot holder.

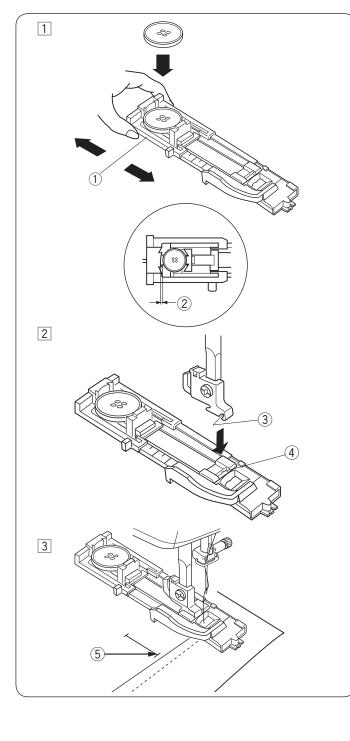
Raise the presser foot.

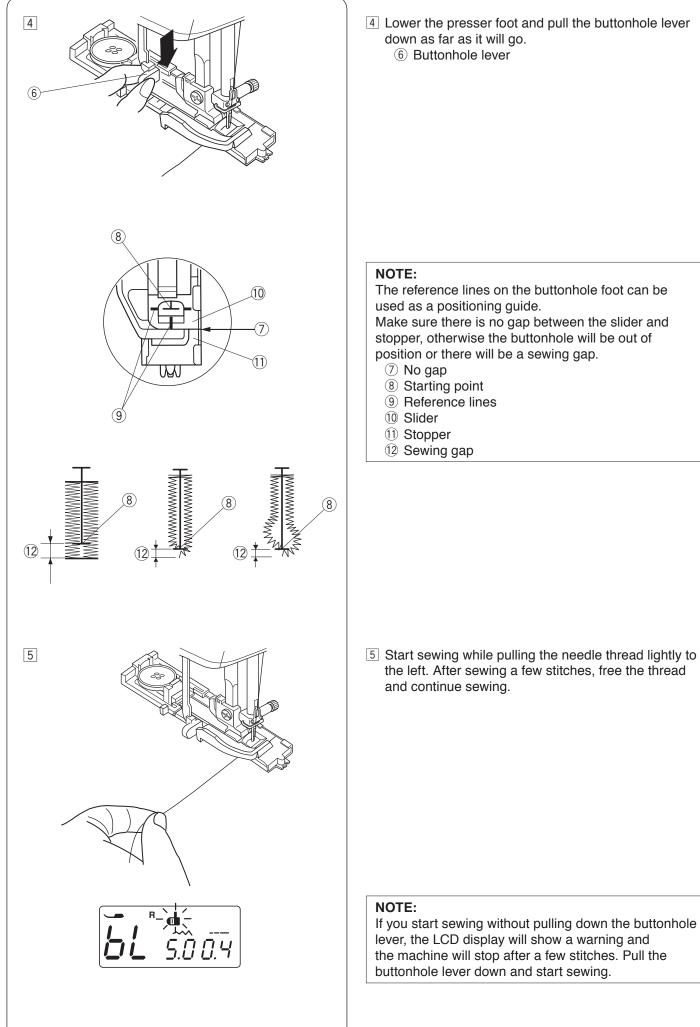
3 Groove

④ Pin

3 Draw the needle thread to the left through the hole of foot. Mark the buttonhole position on the fabric and place it under the buttonhole foot. Lower the needle at the starting point by turning the handwheel.

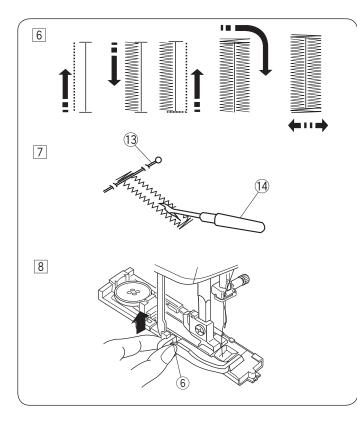
(5) Starting point

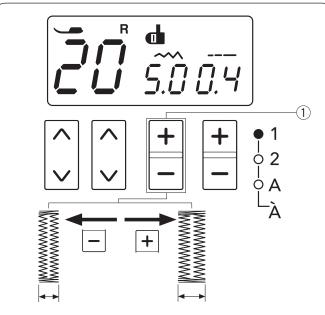


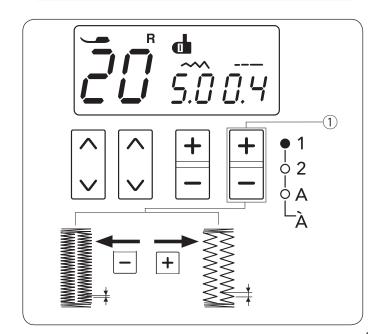


32

⁴ Lower the presser foot and pull the buttonhole lever down as far as it will go.







- 6 The buttonhole is sewn in the sequence as shown.When the buttonhole is finished, the machine will stop automatically with the needle in the up position.
- Remove the fabric and place a pin just below the bartack to prevent accidentally cutting the stitches. Cut the opening with the seam ripper.
 - 13 Pin
 - 14 Seam ripper
- When buttonhole sewing is finished, push the buttonhole lever upward as far as it will go.
 6 Buttonhole lever

Double layer buttonhole

To make a sturdy buttonhole, sew another layer of buttonhole stitches over the previous stitches. After the buttonhole is finished, do not raise the foot or buttonhole lever, simply start the machine again.

NOTE:

If the fabric is not feeding smoothly when sewing a double layer buttonhole, increase the buttonhole density.

Altering the buttonhole width

Press the "+" sign on the stitch width adjusting key to increase the buttonhole width.

Press the "--" sign on the stitch width adjusting key to decrease the buttonhole width.

1) Stitch width adjusting key

NOTE:

The buttonhole width can be adjusted from 2.5 to 7.0.

Altering the buttonhole density

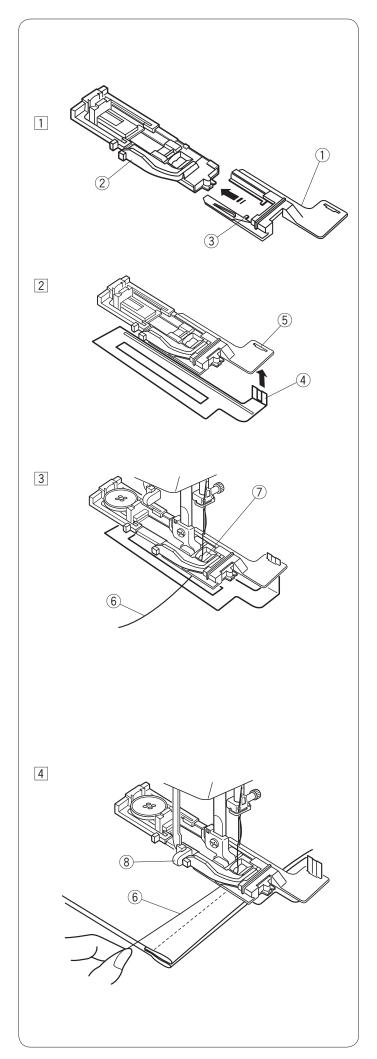
Press the "+" sign on the stitch length adjusting key to decrease the buttonhole density.

Press the "-" sign on the stitch length adjusting key to increase the buttonhole density.

① Stitch length adjusting key

NOTE:

The buttonhole density can be adjusted from 0.2 to 0.8.



Using the stabilizer plate

The stabilizer plate holds and supports fabrics so it is helpful when sewing buttonholes over the hem of thick fabrics.

1 Attach the stabilizer holder to the buttonhole foot by inserting the foot into the channels of the holder.

- ① Stabilizer plate holder
- 2 Buttonhole foot
- 3 Channel
- 2 Insert the tab of the stabilizer plate into the slot of the plate holder.
 - ④ Tab
 - (5) Slot

3 Pull the button holder to the back, and place the button in it. Push it together tightly on the button. Attach the buttonhole foot with the stabilizer plate to the machine.

Pass the needle thread through the hole of the foot and draw it to the left between the foot and stabilizer plate.

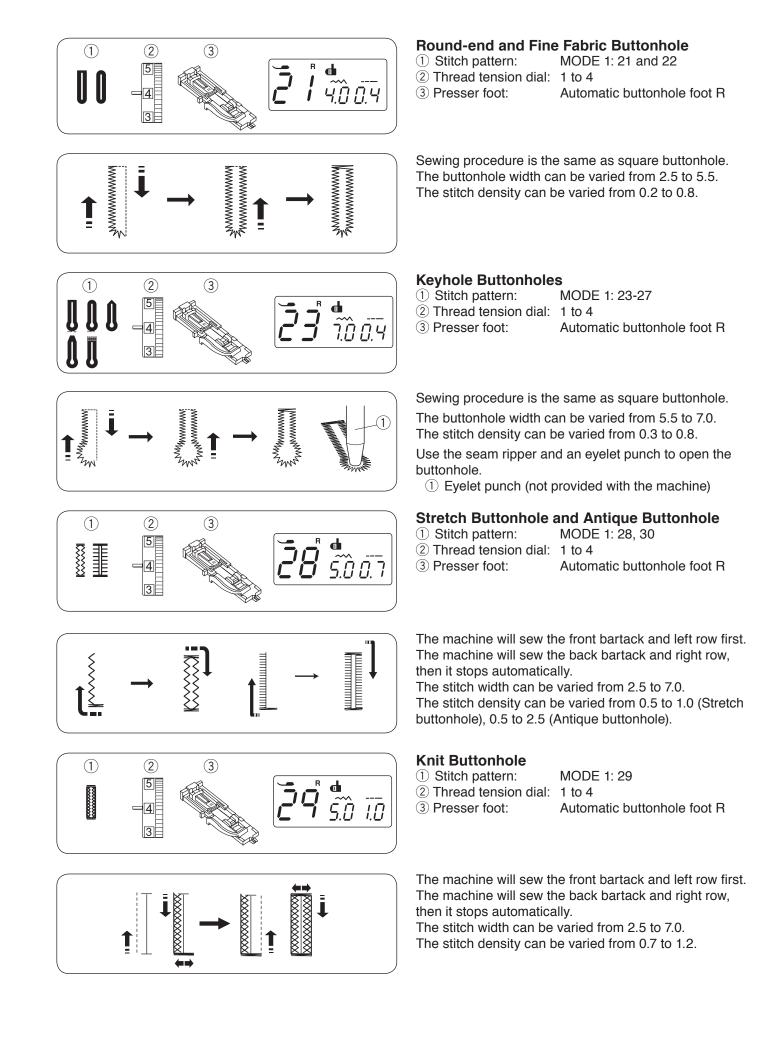
- 6 Needle thread
- ⑦ Hole of the foot

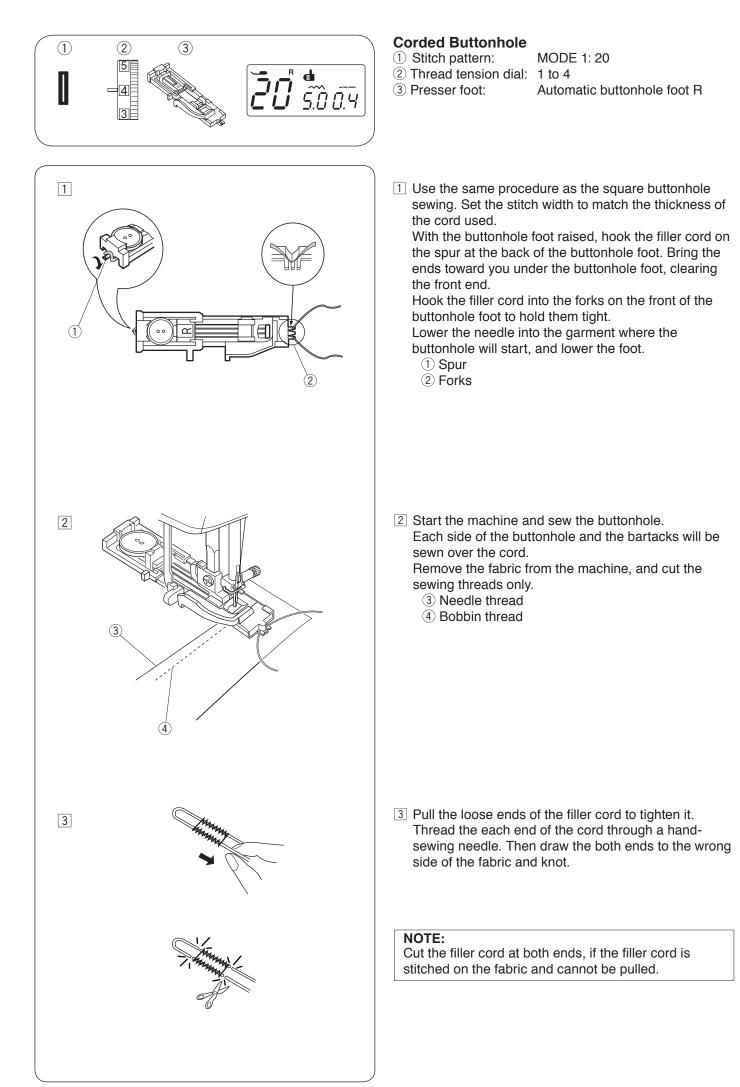
 Insert the fabric between the foot and stabilizer plate.
 Position the fabric and lower the needle into the starting point.

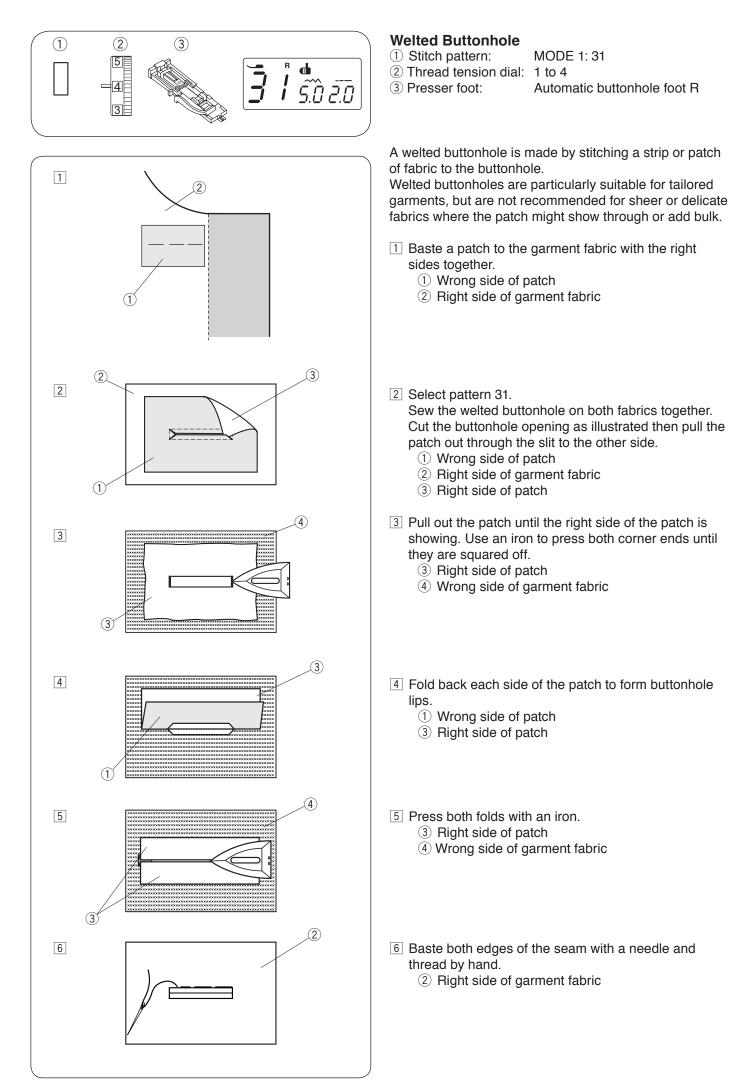
Lower the foot and pull down the buttonhole lever as far as it will go.

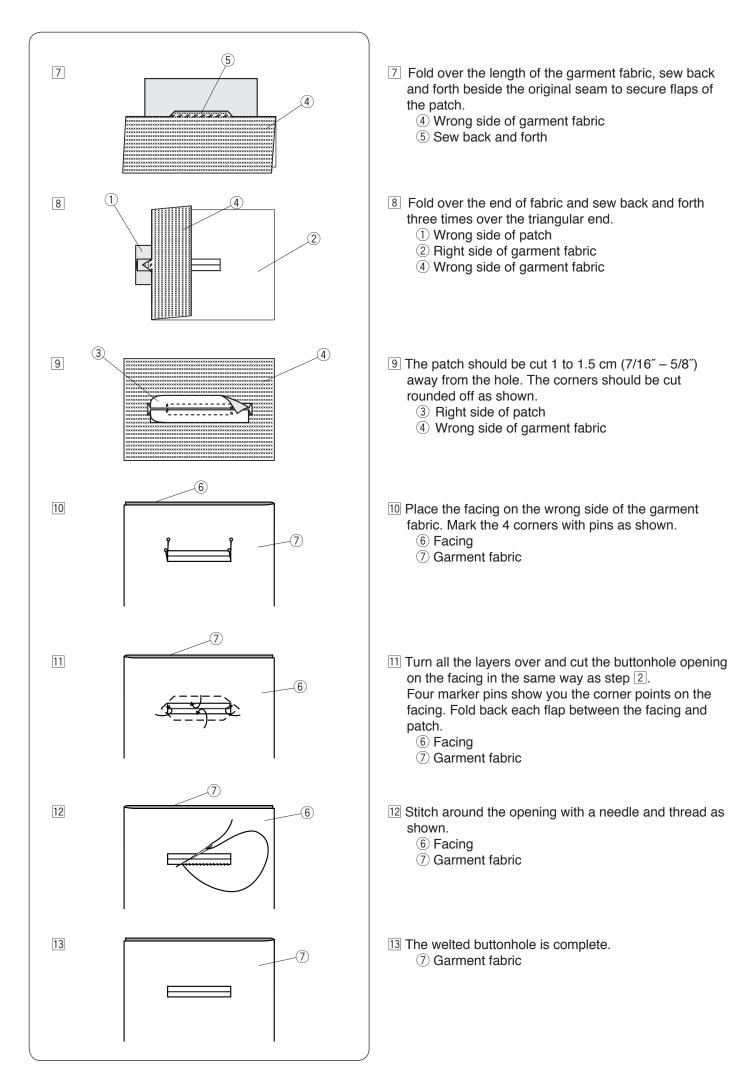
Start sewing while pulling the needle thread lightly to the left. After several stitches, free the needle thread and continue sewing.

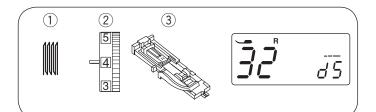
8 Buttonhole lever

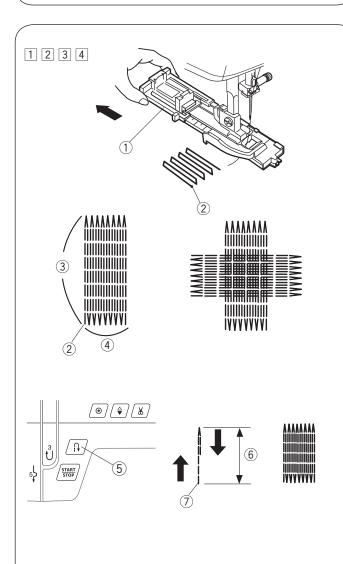


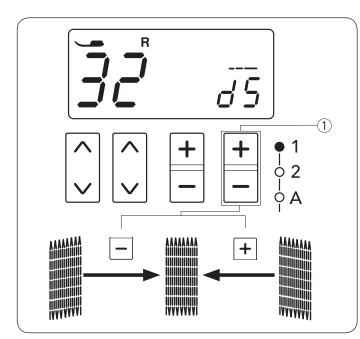












Darning Stitch

1) Stitch pattern: MODE 1: 32

- 2 Thread tension dial: 3 to 6
- ③ Presser foot: Automatic buttonhole foot R

Starting to sew

 Attach the automatic buttonhole foot R and pull the button holder ① all the way out.
 Draw the needle thread to the left through the hole of foot.

1 Button holder

- Place the fabric under the foot, and lower the needle at the starting point (2). Then lower the foot.
 (2) Starting point
- 3 Start the machine. The machine will sew locking stitch, 16 rows of darning, locking stitch again and stop automatically.
- 4 Turn the fabric and repeat sewing in different direction.
 3 3/4" (2 cm)
 - ④ 9/32″ (0.7 cm)

Sewing a shorter darning

To sew a darning shorter than 3/4'' (2 cm), first stop the machine after sewing the required length (6), then press the reverse button (5).

The required length (6) has been determined. Start the machine again and continue sewing until the machine stops automatically.

- 5 Reverse button
- 6 Required length
- ⑦ Starting point

Sewing a same-sized darning

Simply start the machine to sew another darning at the same size.

NOTE:

To reset the size of the darning, select the other stitch pattern and reselect the darning stitch.

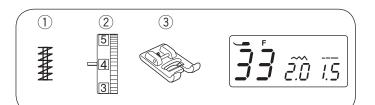
Adjusting the evenness of darning

Correct the evenness of the darning as follows: "d5" is the default setting value.

When the right side of the darn is lower than the left side, press the "+" sign on the stitch length adjusting key (1) to set the value to "d6" to "d9", and make the darn even.

When the left side of the darn is lower than the right side, press the "–" sign on the stitch length adjusting key (1) to set the value to "d1" to "d4", and make the darn even.

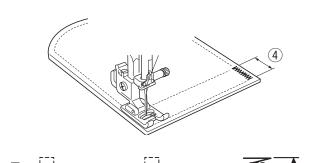
① Stitch length adjusting key

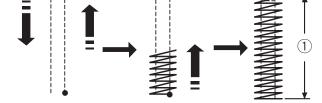


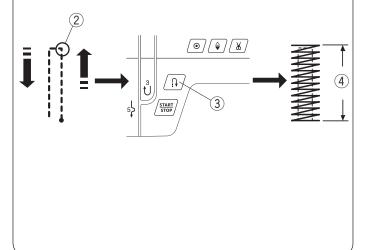
Tacking

Stitch pattern: MODE
 Thread tension dial: 3 to 6
 Presser foot: Satin s

MODE 1: 33 3 to 6 Satin stitch foot F







Tacking is used to reinforce pockets, crotches and belt carriers where extra strength is needed.

Start sewing

Start the machine and sew until the machine stops automatically. The machine will sew a tacking 1.5 cm (5/8'') long.

① 1.5 cm (5/8")

Sewing a shorter tack

To sew a tack shorter than 1.5 cm (5/8"), first stop the machine after sewing the required length, then press the reverse button.

The tack length has been determined.

Start the machine again and continue sewing until the machine stops automatically.

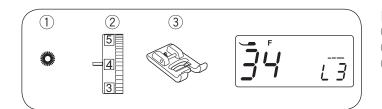
- 2 Required length
- ③ Reverse button
- ④ Tack length

Sewing a same-size tacking

Simply start the machine to sew another tack at the same size.

NOTE:

To reset the size of the tacking, select the other stitch pattern and reselect the tacking.

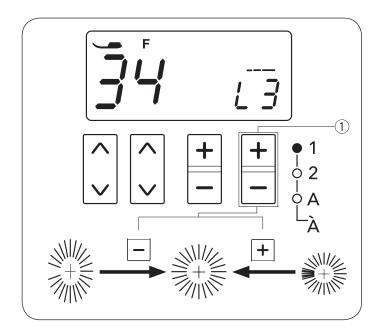


Eyelet

1 Stitch pattern:

- 2 Thread tension dial: 1 to 4
- ③ Presser foot: Satin stitch foot F

MODE 1:34



The eyelet is used for belt holes etc.

Starting to sew

Lower the needle at the starting point and lower the presser foot. Start the machine. The machine will stop automatically when completed. ① Starting point

Open the eyelet with an awl, eyelet punch or pointed scissors (an awl, eyelet punch or pointed scissors are not provided with the machine).

Adjusting the shape of an eyelet

Correct the shape of the eyelet as follows: "L3" is the default setting value.

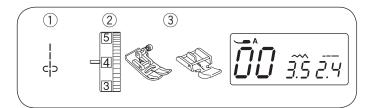
If the eyelet gap overlaps, press the "+" sign on the stitch length adjusting key to make the darn even.

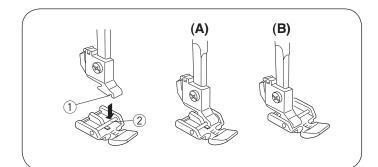
If the eyelet gap opens, press the "-" sign on the stitch length adjusting key to make the darn even.

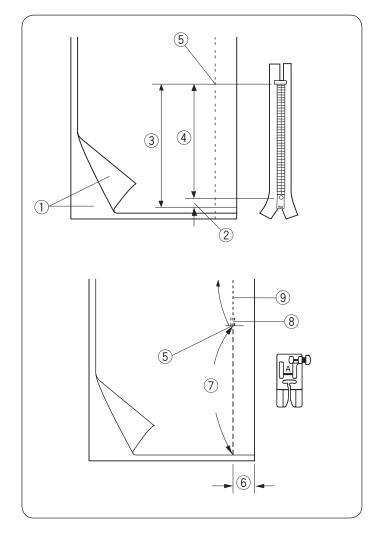
1 Stitch length adjusting key

NOTE:

The shape can be adjusted within L1 to L5.







Zipper Sewing

① Stitch pattern:MODE② Thread tension dial:1 to 4③ Presser foot:Zigzag

MODE 1:00 1 to 4 Zigzag foot A Zipper foot E

Attaching the zipper foot

Fit the pin on zipper foot E to the groove on the foot holder.

① Groove

- 2 Pin
- (A): To sew the left side of the zipper, attach the zipper foot with the pin on the right-hand side.
- (B): To sew the right side of the zipper, attach the zipper foot with the pin on the left-hand side.

Fabric preparation

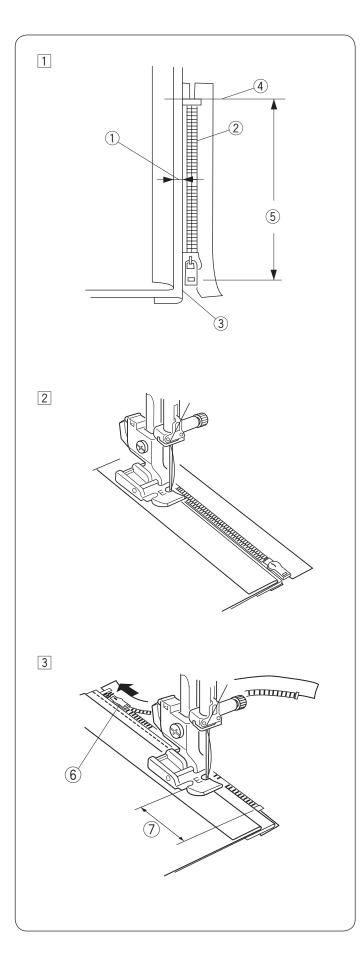
Add 1 cm (3/8") to the zipper length. This is the overall opening size.

- 1) Right side of the fabric
- ② 1 cm (3/8")
- ③ Opening size
- (4) Zipper length
- (5) End of the zipper opening

Place the right sides of the fabric together. Attach the zigzag foot and seam up to the end of the zipper opening, with a 2 cm (13/16[°]) seam allowance. Reverse the stitch to fasten the seam.

Manually increase the stitch length to 5.0 and baste the zipper opening with the thread tension loosened to 1-3.

- (5) End of the zipper opening
- 6 2 cm (13/16")
- ⑦ Basting
- 8 Reverse stitches
- 9 Seam stitches



Start sewing

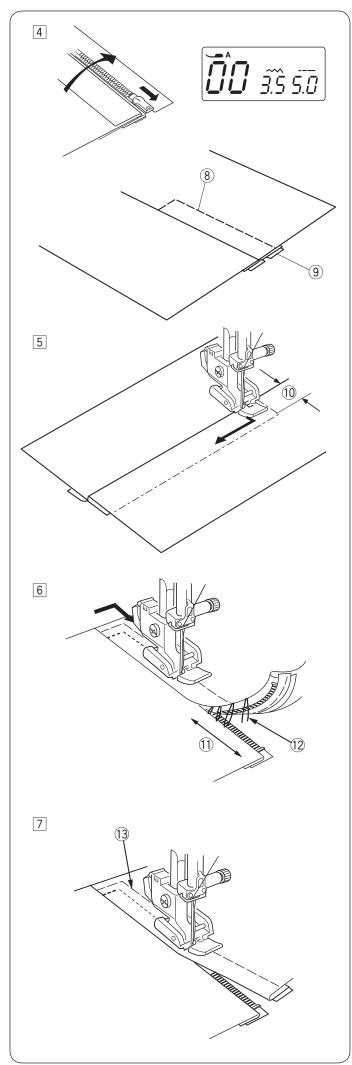
- 1 Fold back the left seam allowance. Turn the right seam allowance under to form a 0.2 to 0.3 cm (1/8") margin. Place the zipper teeth next to the fold and pin in place. Set the stitch length and thread tension back to the original setting.
 - 1 0.2 to 0.3 cm (1/8") margin
 - 2 Zipper teeth
 - ③ Fold
 - ④ End of the zipper opening
 - (5) Opening size

2 Attach the zipper foot E with the pin on the right hand side.

Lower the foot onto the topside at the end of the zipper opening so that the needle pierces the fabric next to the fold and the zipper tape.

Be sure that the needle does not strike the presser foot or zipper teeth when the zipper foot is attached.

- 3 Sew through all layers next to the fold. Stop the machine 5 cm (2") before the foot reaches the slider on the zipper tape. Lower the needle slightly into the fabric. Raise the foot and open the zipper to clear the slider. Lower the foot and stitch the remainder of the seam. 6 Slider ⑦ 5 cm (2")



4 Close the zipper and spread the fabric open flat with the right side facing up.

Attach the Zigzag foot A.

Adjust the stitch length to 5.0, stitch width to 3.5 (default value) and the thread tension dial to 1.

Baste the opened fabric and zipper tape together.

8 Basting stitch9 Zipper tape

5 Attach the zipper foot E with the left pin.Adjust the stitch length and the stitch width to default value, and thread tension dial to "4".

Backstitch across the end of the opening 0.7-1 cm (3/8'') and turn the fabric 90 degrees.

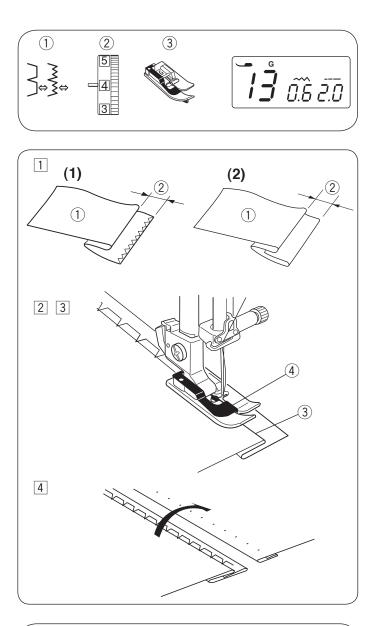
10 0.7-1 cm (3/8")

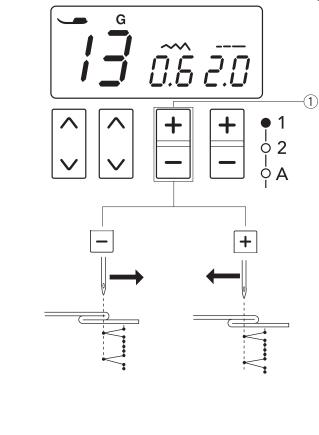
Be sure that the needle does not strike the presser foot or zipper teeth when the zipper foot is attached.

6 Stitch through the garment and zipper tape, guiding the zipper teeth along the side edge of the foot. Stop the machine 5 cm (2") before the foot reaches the slider on the zipper tape. Lower the needle into the fabric, and raise the foot. Remove the basting stitches.

5 cm (2")
 Basting stitches

- Open the zipper, then lower the foot and stitch the remainder of the seam.
 After sewing is finished, remove the basting stitches on the upper fabric.
 - 13 Basting stitches on upper fabric





Blind Hemming

- 1) Stitch pattern: MODE 1: 13 or 14
- 2 Thread tension dial: 1 to 4 (for stitch pattern 13)
 - 3 to 6 (for stitch pattern 14)
- ③ Presser foot:
- Blind hem foot G
- 1 Fold a hem with the wrong side of the fabric up to form a 0.5 cm (1/4") allowance.
 - 1 Wrong side of fabric
 - 2 0.5 cm (1/4")
 - (1) On heavyweight fabrics that tend to ravel, the raw edge should be overcast first.
 - (2) Fold the hem under the fabric for lightweight fabrics.
- 2 Place the fabric so that the fold is next to the guide on the foot. Lower the presser foot.

Adjust the needle drop position if necessary.

- 3 Sew while guiding the folded edge.
 - ③ Folded edge
 - (4) Guide

4 Open the fabric after sewing is finished.

NOTE:

If the needle pierces too far left, the stitch will show through on the right side of the fabric.

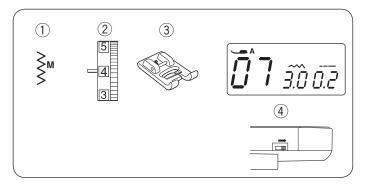
Adjusting the needle drop position

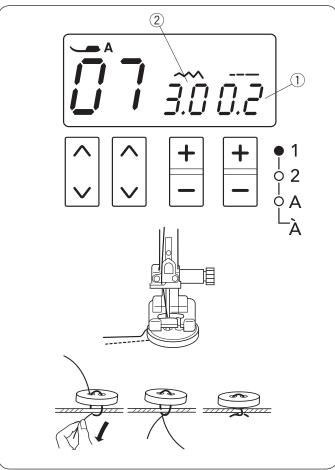
Adjust the needle drop position as follows: Press the "-" sign on the stitch width adjusting key (1) to move the needle to the right. Press the "+" sign on the stitch width adjusting key 1 to move the needle to the left. 1 Stitch width adjusting key

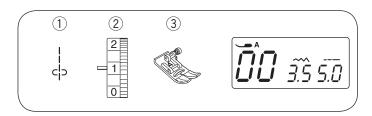
The LCD display shows the distance between the guide and left needle drop position in millimeters. The needle drop position can be varied from 0.0 to 1.2.

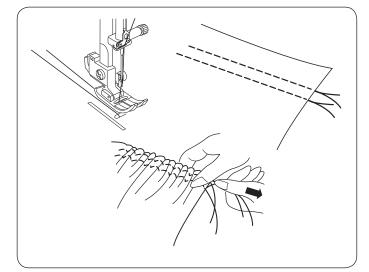
NOTE:

The needle drop position can be moved, but the stitch width will remain the same.









Button Sewing

- 1) Stitch pattern:
- 2 Thread tension dial: 3 to 7
 3 Presser foot: Sating
- 4 Feed dog:

MODE 1: 07 3 to 7 Satin stitch foot F Lowered

Lower the feed dog. Set the speed control slider at a slower speed. Set the stitch length at the minimum (0.2). ① Stitch length (0.2)

Match the holes of button to the horizontal slot of the presser foot and lower the foot to hold the button in place.

Adjust the stitch width so the needle will enter the left hole of the button.

Turn the handwheel so that the needle will enter the right hole of the button. Readjust the stitch width if necessary.

2 Stitch width (adjust to span of holes)

Stitch several times.

After you finish sewing, cut the thread but leave 10 cm (4") of threads at the end.

Pull the bobbin thread to draw the top thread to the reverse side of the fabric and knot the threads.

After the button sewing is completed, raise the feed dogs for normal sewing.

Gathering

- 1) Stitch pattern: MODE 1: 00
- 2 Thread tension dial: 1
- 3 Presser foot:

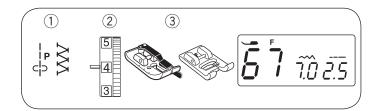
1 Zigzag foot A

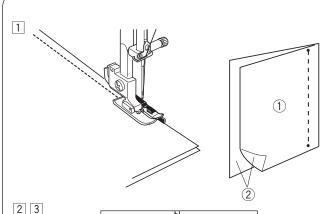
Loosen the thread tension to "1" and increase the stitch length to 5.0.

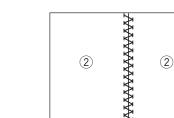
Sew two rows of straight stitches 0.6 cm $(1/4^{"})$ apart. Knot the threads at the beginning.

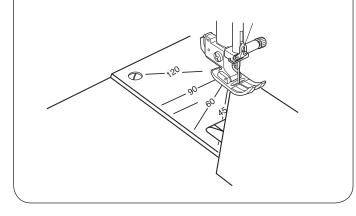
Pull the bobbin threads at the end to gather the fabric.

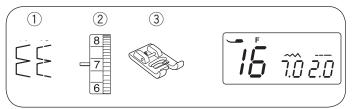
Knot the threads at the end and distribute the gathers evenly.

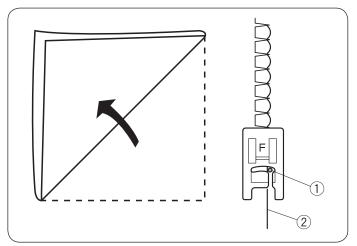












DECORATIVE STITCHING

Patchwork

- ① Stitch pattern:
- 2 Thread tension dial: 3 to 6
 3 Presser foot: 1/4" set

1/4" seam foot O Satin stitch foot F

MODE 1: 95 and 67

Patchwork piecing

- Place the patchwork pieces right sides together. Select stitch pattern 95 in MODE 1. Sew while guiding the edge of the fabric along the guide on the foot to keep a precise 1/4" seam allowance.
 - 1) Wrong side of fabric
 - 2 Right side of fabric

Patchwork

- Replace the presser foot with satin stitch foot F.
 Select the patchwork pattern 67 in MODE 1.
 The stitch patterns 09, 15, 62 in MODE 1 and 10 in MODE 2 can also be used.
- 3 Press the seam allowance to open. Sew the stitch pattern on the right side of the garment centering over the seam line.

Angle scale on the needle plate

You can easily seam patchwork pieces at the desired angles without marking, by using the unique angle scales on the needle plate.

The angle scales are marked at 45, 60, 90 and 120 degrees.

Attach Zigzag foot A when using the angle scale.

Shelltuck

- 1) Stitch pattern:
- 2 Thread tension dial: 6 to 8

MODE 1: 16 or 18 II: 6 to 8 Satin stitch foot F

③ Presser foot: Satin stitch

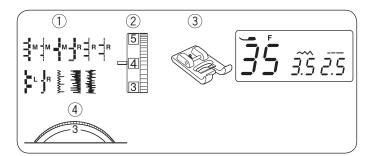
Use a lightweight fabric (tricot, for example). Fold the fabric in bias as shown and stitch on the fold.

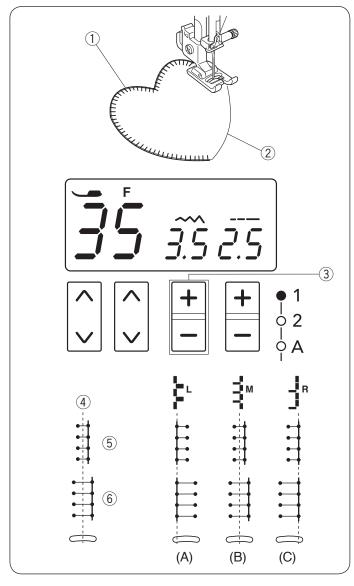
Allow the needle to barely clear the folded edge to create a shelled edge.

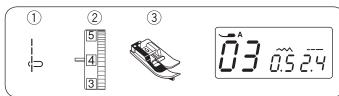
- 1 Needle
- 2 Fold

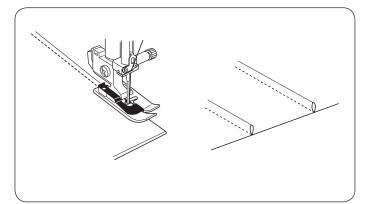
If you sew rows of shell tuck, space the rows at least 1.5 cm (5/8") apart.

You can also sew shell tuck on knits or soft silky woven fabrics, in any direction.









Applique

1) Stitch pattern: 2 Thread tension dial:

③ Presser foot:

MODE 1:35 1 to 4

Satin stitch foot F

4 Presser foot pressure dial: 1 to 3

* The stitch patterns 36-45 can also be used.

Place an applique on the fabric and baste or pin it in place. Lower the needle at the outer edge of the applique. Sew while guiding the fabric so the needle falls along the outer edge of the applique.

- 1 Applique
- 2 Outer edge

When turning a sharp corner, stop the machine with the needle at the outer edge of the applique.

Raise the foot and pivot the fabric around the needle to change the sewing direction.

Adjusting the stitch width

Select pattern 35 (mode 1).

Press the "-" sign on the stitch width adjusting key (3) to decrease the stitch width (5).

Press the "+" sign on the stitch width adjusting key ③ to increase the stitch width (6).

3 Stitch width adjusting key

The stitch width will be varied based on the centered needle drop position ④.

(A) The stitch pattern 41 has a fixed left needle drop position. When you change the stitch width, the right needle drop position will change.

(B) The stitch patterns 35-37 have a fixed center needle drop position. The stitch width changes symmetrically.

(C) The stitch patterns 38-40 and 42 have a fixed right needle drop position. When you change the stitch width, the left needle drop position will change.

Pintucking

1) Stitch pattern:

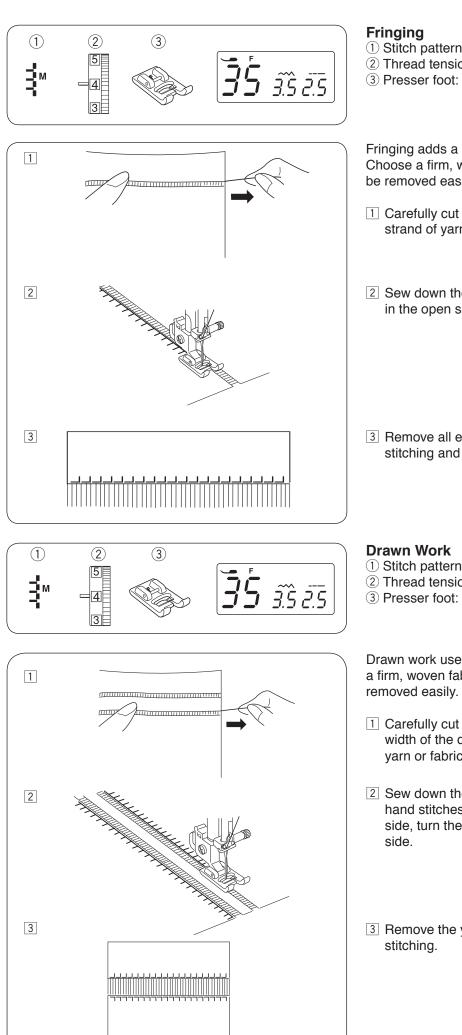
2 Thread tension dial: 3 to 6

③ Presser foot: Blind hem foot G

Fold the fabric with the wrong sides together. Place the folded fabric under the blind hem foot. Align the edge of the fold with the guide on the foot, and lower the foot.

MODE 1:03

Sew while guiding the edge of the fold along the guide. Open the fabric and press the tuck to one side.



Fringing

- 1) Stitch pattern: 2 Thread tension dial: 1 to 4
 - Satin stitch foot F

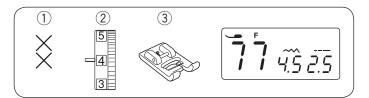
MODE 1:35

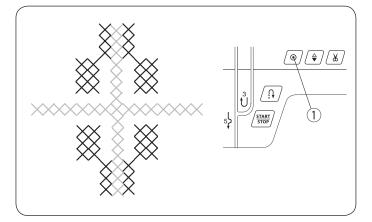
Fringing adds a special touch on table linens and shawls. Choose a firm, woven fabric like linen where threads can be removed easily.

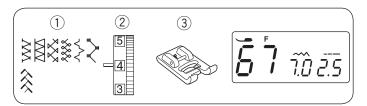
- 1 Carefully cut the fabric on the grain. Remove a single strand of yarn or thread where the fringing is to begin.
- 2 Sew down the left side so the right hand stitches fall in the open space.
- 3 Remove all excess yarn located to the right of the stitching and create a fringe.
- **Drawn Work**
- 1) Stitch pattern: MODE 1: 35 (2) Thread tension dial: 1 to 4
- ③ Presser foot: Satin stitch foot F

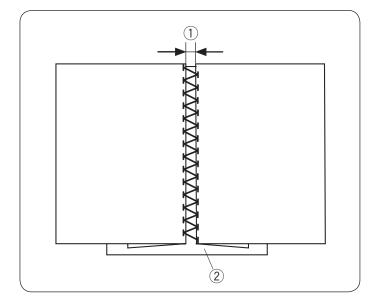
Drawn work uses the same method as fringing. Choose a firm, woven fabric like linen where threads can be removed easily.

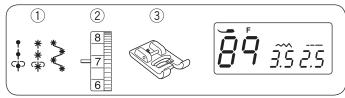
- 1 Carefully cut the fabric on the grain. Determine the width of the drawn work and remove one strand of yarn or fabric thread at each end.
- 2 Sew down the left side, guiding the fabric so the right hand stitches fall in open space. After finishing the left side, turn the fabric around 180°. Sew down the other side.
- 3 Remove the yarn or fabric threads between the stitching.

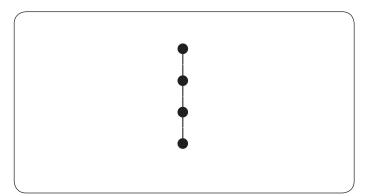












Cross Stitch

1) Stitch pattern: MODE 1: 77

2 Thread tension dial: 3 to 6

- ③ Presser foot: Satin stitch foot F
- * The stitch patterns 78-88 in mode 1 can also be used.

You can make cross stitch designs with these patterns, in half the time it would take if embroidered by hand.

Use a plain close woven fabric such as linen or wool flannel. If you use light weight fabric, apply a tear away backing for support.

Sew from the center of the design outward.

If you press the auto-lock button before sewing, the machine will sew one unit of the cross stitch and stop automatically.

1 Auto-lock button

Fagoting

1 Stitch pattern: MODE 1: 67

2 Thread tension dial: 3 to 6

- ③ Presser foot: Satin stitch foot F
- * The stitch patterns 15, 59, 60, 62, 68 in mode 1 and 10 in mode 2 can also be used.

Use these stitches to join two pieces of fabric to create an open work appearance and add design interest.

Fold under each fabric edge 1.5 cm (5/8") and press. Pin the two edges to paper or tear backing 0.3-0.4 cm (1/8") apart.

Sew slowly, guiding the fabric so the needle catches the folded edge on each side.

After sewing is finished, tear away the paper.

- ① 0.3–0.4 cm (1/8")
- 2 Paper

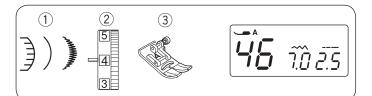
French Knots and Candlewick Knots

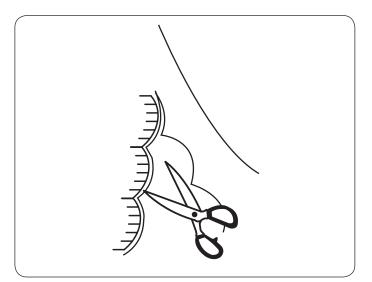
Stitch pattern: MODE 1: 89, 90 and 91
 Thread tension dial: 5 to 8

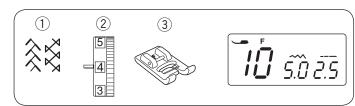
③ Presser foot: Satin stitch foot F

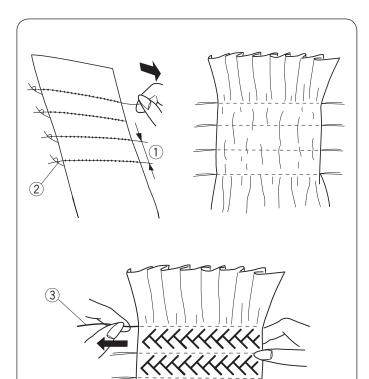
Select the stitch pattern 89 in MODE 1 for French knots. Select the stitch pattern 90 or 91 in MODE 1 for Candlewick knots.

Tighten the thread tension to 5-8 when sewing.









Scallop Stitch

- 1) Stitch pattern: MODE 1: 46
- 2 Thread tension dial: 3 to 6
- ③ Presser foot: Zigzag foot A
- * The stitch patterns 66 in mode 1 and 34 in mode 2 can also be used.

Sew the stitches approximately 1 cm (3/8") inside the fabric edge.

Trim the outside of the stitches as shown. Make sure not to cut the thread.

Smocking

- 1) Stitch pattern: MODE 2: 10
- 2 Thread tension dial: 3 to 6
- ③ Presser foot: Satin stitch foot F
- * The stitch pattern 59 in mode 1 can also be used.

Smocking is a delicate decorative treatment used on children's clothes or women's blouses.

Use a soft and lightweight fabric such as batiste, gingham or challis.

Cut the fabric three times wider than the projected width.

Select straight stitch, set stitch length at "5.0" and loosen the thread tension.

Sew rows of straight stitches 1 cm (3/8") apart across the area to be smocked. Knot the threads along one edge. From the other edge, pull the bobbin threads to distribute the gathers evenly.

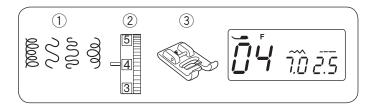
- ① 1 cm (3/8″)
- 2 Knotted thread

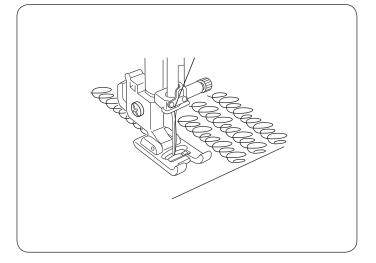
Set the thread tension to 3–6 and select a smocking stitch pattern.

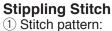
Sew the smocking stitch pattern between the rows of straight stitches.

Remove the straight stitches by pulling them out.

③ Straight stitch







MODE 2: 04

2 Thread tension dial: 3 to 6

- ③ Presser foot: Satin stitch foot F
- * The stitch patterns 02, 03 and 05 in mode 2 can also be used.

A pre-programmed stippling stitch is a fast and easy method to quilt small areas.

Place a batting (wadding) between quilt top and backing fabric.

Clasp Stitches

- 1) Stitch pattern:
- 2 Thread tension dial: 3 to 6
- ③ Presser foot:

MODE 2: 12 or 13 3 to 6 Satin stitch foot F

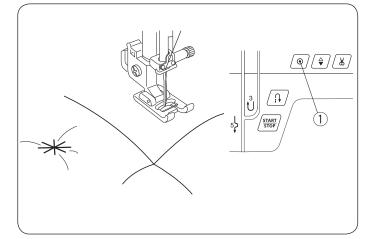
You can close quilt layers and using the clasp stitch. Select the clasp stitch.

Press the auto-lock button.

Start sewing.

The machine sews clasp stitch and locking stitch then stops automatically.

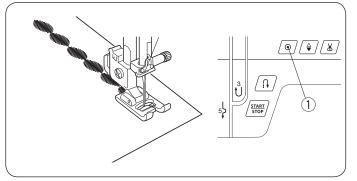
1 Auto-lock button



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Satin Stitches

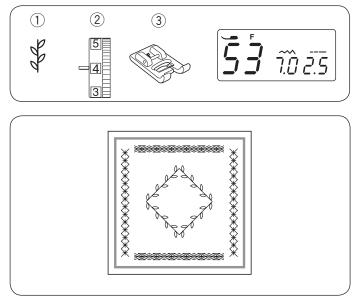
1) Stitch pattern:

MODE 2: 31

- 2 Thread tension dial: 1 to 4
- ③ Presser foot: Satin stitch foot F
- * The stitch patterns 29-30 and 32-44 in mode 2 can also be used.

For better sewing results, interfacing should be used on the wrong side of the fabric when you use stretch or elastic fabrics.

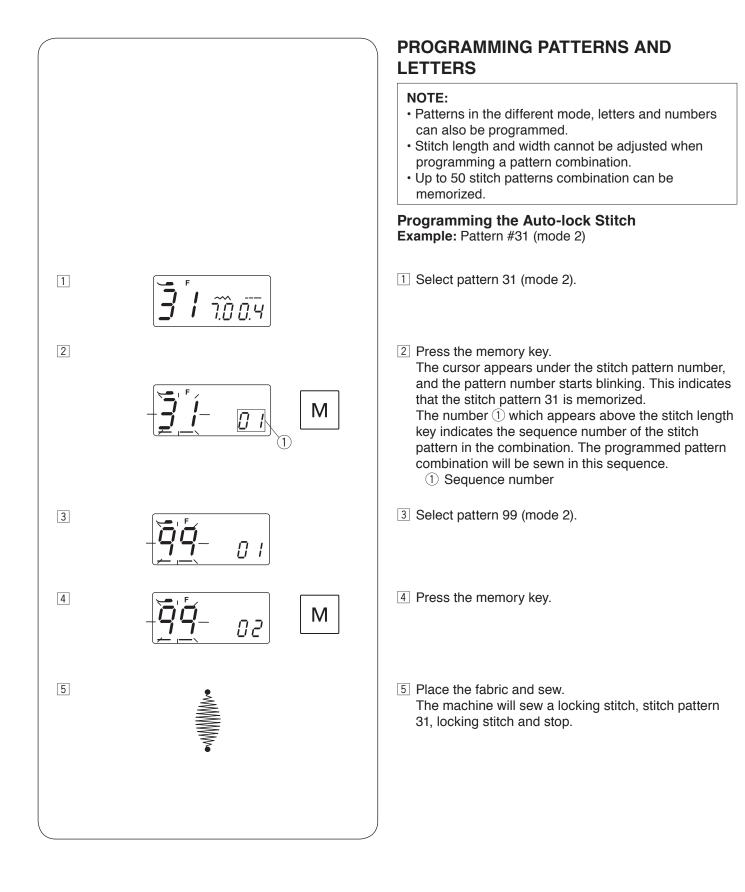
Press the auto-lock button to finish the end of the pattern. 1 Auto-lock button

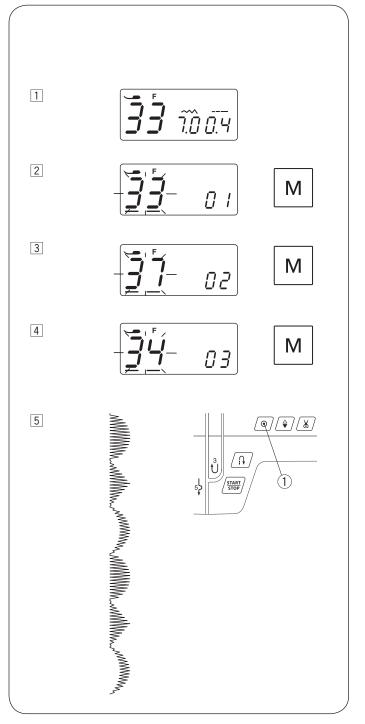


Decorative Stitches

- 1) Stitch pattern: MODE 2: 53
- 2 Thread tension dial: 3 to 6
- ③ Presser foot: Satin stitch foot F
- * Stitch patterns 45 to 98 in mode 2 can also be used.

For the best sewing results, carefully align and guide the fabric when you sew with decorative stitches. Use a tear-way backing if necessary.





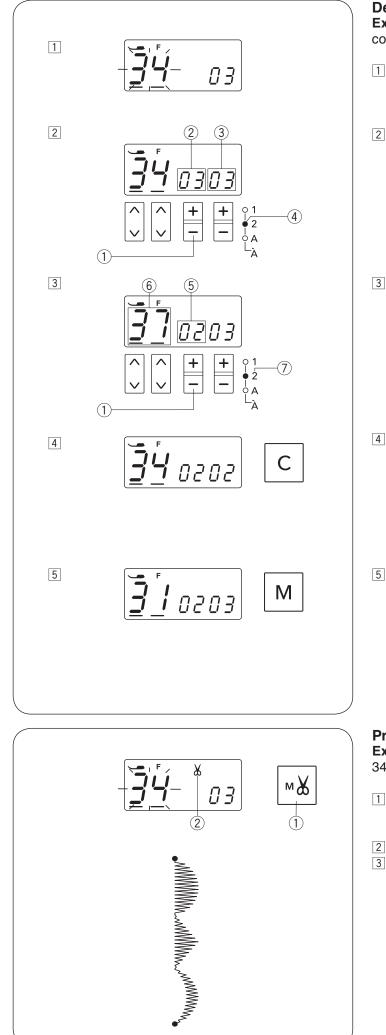
Programming the Pattern Combination Example: Pattern #33, 37 and 34 (mode 2)

1 Select pattern 33 (mode 2).

- 2 Press memory key, and the stitch pattern 33 is memorized.
- 3 Select pattern 37 (mode 2). Press the memory key.
- 4 Select pattern 34 (mode 2). Press the memory key.
- 5 Start sewing.
 Combination of patterns 33, 37 and 34 will be sewn repeatedly.

NOTE:

If you press the auto-lock button in the middle of sewing, the machine will sew to the end of the current pattern, sew locking stitches and stop automatically. ① Auto-lock button



Deleting or Inserting a Pattern (letter) Example: To delete the pattern "_____" from the pattern combination "_____" and insert the pattern " ____".

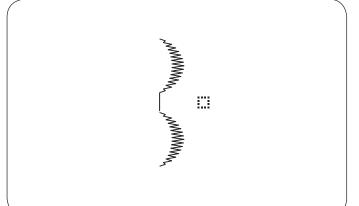
- 1 Refer to procedure 1 to 4 on page 55, "Programming the Pattern Combination" to enter the stitch patterns 33, 37 and 34 in mode 2.
- Press "-" on the stitch width adjusting key ①. The number ② which appears above the stitch width adjusting key indicates the sequence number of the stitch pattern in the combination, and the number ③ above the stitch length adjusting key indicates the total number of the pattens in the combination. The green light ④ indicates the mode of the stitch pattern.
- 3 Press "–" on the stitch width adjusting key ①. The sequence number indicates "02" ⑤, the stitch pattern number indicates "37" ⑥, and the green light indicates the mode ⑦ of the stitch pattern "37".
- Enter "31" in mode 2 to select stitch pattern 31 (
 Press the memory key to insert the stitch pattern 31 between the stitch patterns 33 and 34.

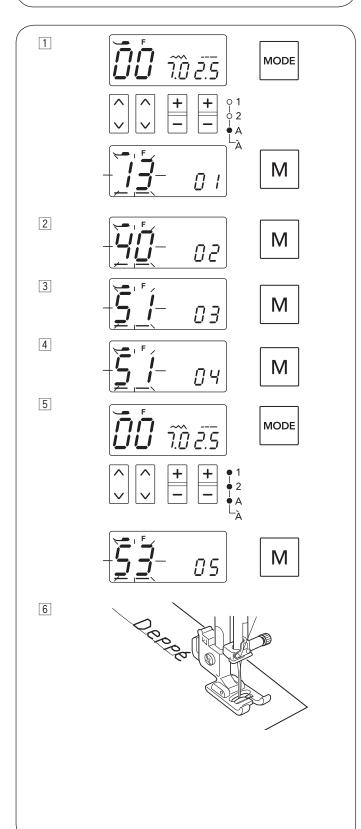
Programming Auto-thread Cutting

Example: Auto-thread cutting with patterns #33, 37 and 34 (mode 2)

- 1 Refer to procedure 1 to 4 on page 55, "Programming the Pattern Combination" to enter the stitch patterns 33, 37 and 34 in mode 2.
- 2 Press the thread cutter memory key (1).
- 3 The thread cutter mark 2 appears on the LCD display.

Start sewing. A pattern combination series will be sewn and the machine will trim the threads automatically after locking stitch.





Inserting Space between Patterns

Example: Patterns #34 in mode 2 and #99 in mode A.

- 1 Select pattern 34 in mode 2.
- 2 Press the memory key.
- 3 Select pattern 99 in mode A.
- 4 Press the memory key.
- 5 Start sewing. A 5 mm space will be inserted between the patterns.

Spaces											
Pattern #97 (MODE A)	Approximately 2.5 mm										
Pattern #98 (MODE A)	Approximately 3.5 mm										
Pattern #99 (MODE A)	Approximately 5 mm										

Programming Letters

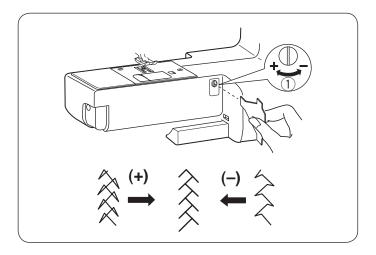
In mode A or Á, you can program text by entering the number of alphabets.

To program numbers, alphabets or symbols, enter the mode A.

To prgram European accented letters, enter the mode Á. Use the stitch chart for refering the number of alphabets. **Example:** To program "Deppé"

- Press the mode key to enter mode A. Enter 13 to select upper case letter "D". Press the memory key.
- 2 Enter 40 to select lower case letter "e". Press the memory key.
- 3 Enter 51 to select lower case letter "p". Press the memory key.
- 4 Enter 51 to select lower case letter "p". Press the memory key.
- Fress the mode key to enter mode Á.
 The 3 lights will lit at the same time.
 Enter 53 to select lower case letter "é".
 Press the memory key.

6 Start sewing.A pattern series will be sewn.



Correcting Deformed Stitch Patterns

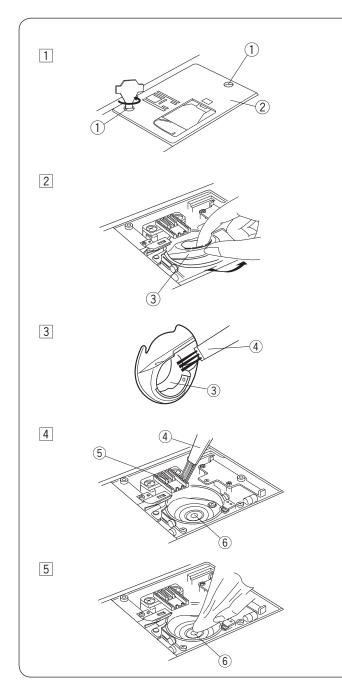
The sewing results of stretch stitch patterns may vary depending on sewing conditions, such as sewing speed, fabric type, number of layers etc.

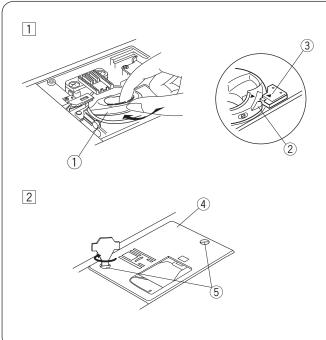
If stretch stitch patterns are deformed, correct them by turning the feed balancing dial with the screwdriver.

If the pattern is compressed, turn the dial in the direction of "+".

If the pattern is drawn out, turn the dial in the direction of "-".

① Feed balancing dial





CARE OF YOUR MACHINE

Cleaning the Hook Race and Feed Dog

WARNING:

Turn the power switch off and unplug the machine before cleaning.

Do not dismantle the machine other than as explained in this section.

Do not store the machine in a high-humidity area, near a heat radiator, or in direct sunlight. Store the machine in cool dry place.

NOTE:

Clean the outside of the machine with a soft cloth and neutral soap.

Press the needle up/down button to raise the needle, turn the power switch off, then unplug the sewing machine. Remove the needle and presser foot.

Remove the hook cover plate by sliding the hook cover plate release button to the right. Take out the bobbin. Brush out dust and lint. (You may also use a vacuum cleaner.)

- 1 Remove the setscrews on the needle plate with the screwdriver supplied with the machine. Remove the needle plate.
 - ① Setscrew
 - 2 Needle plate
- 2 Lift up the bobbin holder and remove it.3 Bobbin holder
- $\fbox{3}$ Clean the bobbin holder with a lint brush. 4 Lint brush
- $\fbox{4}$ Clean the feed dog and hook race with the lint brush. 5 Feed dog
 - 6 Hook race
- 5 Clean the inside of the hook race with a dry cloth. You may also use a vacuum cleaner.

Installing the Bobbin Holder

- 1 Insert the bobbin holder so that the knob fits next to the stopper in the hook race.
 - ① Bobbin holder
 - 2 Knob
 - 3 Stopper

2 Attach the needle plate with the setscrews. After cleaning the machine, make sure the needle and presser foot are attached.

- (4) Needle plate
- 5 Setscrew

Problems and Warning Signals

If a buzzer sounds and the LCD display shows a warning sign, follow the guidance below.

Warning Sign	Cause	Try this
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	 The start/stop button is pressed with the foot control connected. The foot control is out of order. (The foot control sign keeps blinking.) 	Disconnect the foot control. Contact the service center or the store from whom the machine was purchased.
ÖÖ <i>3</i> .5 <i>2</i> .4	The machine is started the with the presser foot raised.	Lower the presser foot and start the machine again.
8	The bobbin winder spindle is shifted to the right.	Shift the bobbin winder spindle to the left for stitching.
5.0 0.4	The machine will stop if the buttonhole is sewn without lowering the buttonhole lever.	Lower the buttonhole lever and start the machine again.
Ĩ. o 3.5 2.4	The machine is started after halting due to overload.	Wait for at least 15 seconds to restart. Turn the power switch OFF. Remove tangled threads around take-up lever, hook race.
(E1-E7)	The machine does not work properly due to a problem in the control circuit.	Contact the service center or the store from whom the machine was purchased.

Audible Signal	The Buzzer sounds when:
pip	Normal operation.
pip-pip-pip	Invalid operation or malfunction.
реер	E1-E7 error occurred.
pip pi-pi-pi-peep	Buttonhole is completed.

It is not abnormal that a faint humming sound comes out from inside the machine. LCD display may get warm when the machine has been used for hours.

Troubleshooting

Condition	Cause	Reference			
The needle thread	1. The needle thread is not threaded properly.	Page 19			
breaks	2. The needle thread tension is too tight.	Page 12-13			
	3. The needle is bent or blunt.	Page 15			
	 The needle is incorrectly inserted. 	Page 15			
	5. The needle threads is not set under the presser foot when start	Page 22			
	sewing.				
	6. The thread is either too heavy or too fine for the needle.	Page 15			
The bobbin thread	1. The bobbin thread is not threaded properly in the bobbin holder.	Page 18			
breaks	Lint has collected in the bobbin holder.	Page 59			
	The bobbin is damaged and does not turn smoothly.	Change the bobbin.			
	The thread is wound loosely on the bobbin.	Page 17			
The needle breaks	1. The needle is incorrectly inserted.	Page 15			
	2. The needle clamp screw is loose.	Page 15			
	3. The threads were not drawn to the rear after sewing.	Page 22			
	4. The needle is too fine for the fabric being used.	Page 15			
	5. An inappropriate presser foot is used.	Use the correct foot.			
Skipped stitches	1. The needle is incorrectly inserted, bent or blunt.	Page 15			
	2. The needle and/or threads are not suitable for the work being sewn.	Page 15			
	3. A blue tip needle is not being used for sewing stretch, very fine fabrics	Use the stretch stitch			
	and synthetics.	needle.			
	The needle thread is not threaded properly.	Page 19			
	5. A poor quality needle is used.	Change the needle.			
Seam puckering	1. The needle thread tension is too tight.	Page 12-13			
	2. The needle thread is not threaded properly.	Page 19			
	The needle is too heavy for the fabric being sewn.	Page 15			
	The stitch length is too long for the fabric.	Make stitch shorter.			
	5. A stabilizer is not used when sewing very fine fabrics.	Apply a stabilizer.			
The fabric is not	1. The feed dog is packed with lint.	Page 59			
feeding smoothly	2. The stitches are too fine.	Make stitch longer.			
	The feed dog is not raised after "drop feed" sewing.	Page 14			
Loops on the seams	1. The needle thread tension is too loose.	Page 12-13			
	2. The needle is too thick or too fine for the fabric.	Page 15			
The machine does	1. The machine is not plugged in.	Page 6			
not work	2. Thread has been caught in the hook race.	Page 59			
	3. The bobbin winder spindle is not returned to the left after bobbin	Page 17			
	winding.				
Buttonhole sewing	1. The stitch density is not suitable for the fabric being sewn.	Page 33			
is not sewn properly	2. The interfacing has not been used for the stretch or synthetic fabric.	Apply an interfacing.			
	3. The buttonhole lever is not lowered.	Page 32			
The machine is	1. Thread has been caught in the hook race.	Page 59			
noisy	2. Lint has built up in the hook race or bobbin holder.	Page 59			

Stitch Chart

MODE 1 - 35

MODE 2 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 ±₽ŧ⊧\${}**!**)}**!**\${!}}}!\$!}]\$!\$ 85 86 88 89

Stitch Chart

MODE A														, ,										
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